PLEASE SEE PAGE 2 FOR ADDITIONAL REQUIREMENTS FOR COMPLETING THIS BOOKLET



**University of Idaho Extension** 

BUTTE COUNTY 4-H MARKET LIVESTOCK SUPPLEMENT

Age level (check one) \_\_\_\_\_ Junior (8-11)

\_\_\_\_ Intermediate (12-14)

\_\_\_\_ Senior (15-19)

Years in livestock project\_\_\_\_ Year\_\_\_\_\_

This packet contains the following:

- Project Requirements #91941
- Beginning Planning and Record Sheet and Growth Chart
- Sheep #91943
- Goat #91945
- Junior (91946), or Intermediate (#91947), or Senior insert (#91948), depending on age level)

# **Project Objectives**

 Learn and apply recommended principles of animal science.
Demonstrate knowledge of sound breeding, feeding, and management practices

3. Develop integrity, sportsmanship, decision making skills, and public speaking skills

4. Practice citizenship and leadership

5 explore career, job, and leisure opportunities.

## **Project Requirements**

General Requirements (check as completed)

Individually identify each animal with ear tag and tattoo or notching Weigh and provide primary care of market animal during a uniform county feeding period.

Beef about 150 days

Sheep about 60 days

Swine about 120 days

Goats about 60 Days

Give demonstration or illustrated talk on something leaned in this project Provide positive ownership of animal (check those items that apply)

Idaho brand inspection

Registration certificate (purebred animals)

Bill of sale

Species specific health requirements (Brucellosis, scrapes, etc.)

### Exhibit:

All required record completed and submitted to County Extension Office

Exhibit project animals) at a community, county or other livestock show

Display performance data on exhibit or stall card

Participate in Fitting and Showing with market or breeding animal

## County Requirements

Butte County livestock supplement (91960) includes Junior (91946), Intermediate (91947), and Senior (91943), as well as species specific Beginning Planning and Record Growth Charts. :

Beef (91942), Sheep (91943), Swine (91944) or Goat (91945)

# **Project Materials Required**

(Members need these masters at the start of the project) \_\_\_\_\_ Market Project Only: Record Book (91940)

## **Record Book Requirement Checklist**

(Checked at conclusions of project)

\_\_\_ Attend a majority of project meetings

\_\_\_\_ All required Growth Charts and Breeding/Production Records (see reference numbers under Project Materials Required)

\_\_\_\_ Attach or include a copy of 4-H involvement Report (91910) per county guidelines

\_\_\_ Optional: 1 to 3 pages of projects pictures with written captions

\_\_\_ Species specific Beginning Planning & Record Sheet

#### Junior

- \_\_\_\_ Junior Planning and Evaluation (91946)
- \_\_\_ A written project experience

#### Intermediate

- \_\_\_ Intermediate Planning and Evaluation (91947)
- A written project experience

#### Senior

- \_\_\_\_ Senior Planning and Evaluation (91948)
- \_\_\_ A written project experience

### Additional Requirements:

- Must complete one livestock supplement book and one project record book per animal specie. All pages must be handwritten.
- Illegible entries and lack of neatness will receive minimum points.
- Booklet may be burst/cut apart and put into protector sheets. Use only the sheets pertinent to your specie that you are reporting but keep the others pages in your book and mark them "nonapplicable" Penalty given for failure to include all pages in numbered order
- Supplemental documentation can be included and is encouraged but bonus points will not be given for doing so.
- A project focused experience must be written for every specie a

10% mandatory point deduction for failure to follow these instructions will be enforced.

## Lamb- Beginning Planning and Record Sheet

Youth Name:		
Weigh-in Date:	Location/Premises:	
Animal Tag Number:	Weight:	_ Wither Height:
Animal Tag Number:	Weight:	Wither Height:
Animal Breed:		

*Estimate the amount of muscle and frame size and then find the projected finished weight. Actual weights will vary due to body length and condition. Adjustments.to estimate finished weight can be made as follows: poor condition +5 lbs, extra condition -5 lbs.* 

	Small Frame	Medium Frame	Large Frame
Excellent Muscle	115-120	125-135	145-160
Average Muscle	110-115	120-125	130-145
Low Muscle	100-110	115-120	125-130

### Estimate of Required Average Daily Gain

	Est. Finished Weight	Beginning Weight	Total required gain	Divided by	Days in Feeding period	Required daily gain
Animal 1				/		
Animal 2				/		

### **Conformation/Usefulness Evaluation**

Trait	Low	Fair	Average	Good	Excellent
Total Muscling	1	3	5	7	9
Total Trimness	1	3	5	7	9
Growth/Frame	1	3	5	7	9
Structure/Balance	1	3	5	7	9

### Market Lamb Industry goals are:

Age at Market- 6-8 Months Live Weight 125-140lbs Hot Carcass Weight- 65-73 lbs Fat Thickness- .25-.35 Rib Eye- 2.0-3.5 square inches Quality Grade Choice minus or higher Yield Grade- 3.0 or less

## **Market Lamb Growth Chart**

To achieve success with your 4-H Market Lamb project, it is important you know the estimated final weight f your animal and your progress towards that goal throughout the feeding period. The chart below enables you to plot the predicted growth curve 9 immediately after the initial weigh-in) and then plot the actual weight of your animal at various times during the feeding period to determine if you are "on-target".

In	itial +1	LO +2	20 +3	0 +4	0 +5	0 +6	60 +70	) +8	
40lbs									
50lbs									
60lbs									
70lbs									
20102									
201bc									
90lbs									
120lbs									
1201									
130lbs									
140105									
140lbc									
150lbs									
100100									
160lbs									
170lbs									

Initial weigh-in date:\_\_\_\_\_\_ Initial Animal Weight:\_\_\_\_\_

Number of days in feeding period: \_\_\_\_\_\_ Estimated Final Weight: \_\_\_\_\_

1. Mark the initial weigh at the appropriate location on the left-hand side of the table

- 2. Mark the estimated final weight at the appropriate location for the number of days in feed period.
- 3. Connect these two points with a straight line. This is your predicted rate of growth.

4. Record your animal's weight in the table below and the chart above each time it is weighed during the feeding period. Connect this point with the previous actual weight. Is the actual growth curve above or below your predicted growth line? Why?

Pr	ogressive Weight Record								
	Weight Date								
	Days since last weight	ххххх							
	Current Weight								
	A.D.G since last weight	XXXXX							
	Overall A.D.G	ххххх							

### Meat Goat- Beginning Planning and Record Sheet

Youth Name:		
Weigh-in date:	Location/Premises:	
Animal Tag Number:	Weight:	Wither Height:
Animal Tag Number:	Weight:	Wither Height:
Animal Breed:		

*Estimate the amount of muscle and frame size and then find the projected finished weight. Actual weights will vary due the body length and condition. Adjustments to estimate finished weight can be made as follows: poor condition +5lbs, extra condition -5lbs.* 

### **Selection Grade**

	Muscle Type	Small Frame	Medium Frame	Large Frame
1	Excellent	90	100	110
2	Average	80	90	100
2	Low	70	80	90

### **Estimate of Required Average Daily Gain**

Est Finish Weight	Beginning Weight Total require gain Days in feed period	Required daily gain
Animal 1	=divided by=	
Animal 1	= divided by =	

### **Conformation/Usefulness Evaluation**

Trait	Low	Fair	Average	Good	Excellent
Total Muscling	1	3	5	7	9
Total Trimness	1	3	5	7	9
Growth/Frame	1	3	5	7	9
Structure/Balance	1	3	5	7	9

All Market Goats complete this page (#91945 Goat Beginning Planning and Record Sheet

### Market Goat Growth Chart

To achieve success with your 4-H Market Goat project, it is important you know the estimated final weight of your animal and your progress toward that goal throughout the feeding period. The chart below enables you to plot the predicted growth curve ( immediately after the initial weigh in) and then plot the actual weight of your animal at various times during the feeding period to determine if you are "on-target".

105lbs								
100lbs								
95lbs								
55165								
90lbs								
85lbs								
00100								
POlha								
00105								
75lbs								
7505								
70lbc								
70105								
6 E lba								
20100								
6011								
601bs								
55lbs								
50lbs								
45lbs								
40lbs								
Initia	al +20	+30	+40	+50	+60	+70	+80 +9	0

Initial weigh-in date:\_

Initial animal weight:

Number of days feeding period:

Estimated final weight: Mark the initial weight at the appropriate location on the left-hand side of the table.

1. Mark the estimated final weight at the appropriate location for the number of days in the feeding period. 2.

Connect these two points with a straight line. This is your predicted rate of growth З.

Record your anima's weight in the table below and the chart above each time it is weighed during the feeding period. Connect this point with the previous 4. actual weight. Is the actual growth curve above or below your predicted growth line? Why?

#### **Progressive Weight Record**

U	0				
Weight date					
Days since last weight	ххххххх				
Current Weight					
A.D.G since last weight	хххххх				
Overall					
A.D.G					1

Tracking animal weight can tell you where your animal is compared to your goal. After each weigh day ask yourself, do you need to feed more grain or hay? Typical influences in average daily gain (A.D.G.) can be feed, water, weather and illness. Ask yourself is the A.D.G. normal? What caused the problems?

# Junior Planning and Evaluation Insert

Planning and Evaluating Your Project

In order to carry out a livestock project it is necessary to plan ahead for that project. The following tables ask for planning information that will help you complete your project; columns are provided to record information on up to three animals. After the project is complete, it is good to be able to compare what actually happened with what you had planned.

Animal Tags	Animal Names

	Animal #1		Animal #2		Animal #3	
	Planned	Actual	Planned	Actual	Planned	Actual
Breed of An.						
Sex of Animal						

	Animal #1			Animal #2			Animal #3		
	Planned	Actual	Difference	Planned	Actual	Difference	Planned	Actual	Difference
Ex. Purchased Weight (3 head)	600	675	+75	700	725	+25	800	750	-50
Purchased weight of animals (lbs)									
Purchase price of animals (\$)									
Final Weight of Animals (Ibs)									
Market Value of Animal (\$)									
Amount of Feed	-								
Feed Cost									
Vaccines Given									

# **In Feed Ingredients**

Feed is most often the largest expense incurred in the production of livestock. On the following table list the ingredients in you ration.

# Equipment that you own

Feed Equipment	Show Equipment

# **Project Objectives**

(Examples of items to be listed include breaking animal to lead, animal injuries, or illnesses and ect)

Date:	What was observed?

## **Intermediate Planning and Evaluation Insert**

Planning and Evaluating your project

In order to carry out a livestock project it is necessary to plan ahead for that project. The following tables ask for a planning information that will help you to complete your project; columns are provided to record information on up to three animals. After the project is complete, it is good to be able to compare what actually happened with what you had planned.

Animal Tags	Animal Names

Please circle one: Market / Breeding

	-	-				
	Animal #1		Animal #2		Animal #3	
	Planned	Actual	Planned	Actual	Planned	Actual
Breed of An.						
Sex of Animal						

	Animal #1			Animal #2			Animal #3		
	Planned	Actual	Difference	Planned	Actual	Difference	Planned	Actual	Difference
Ex. Purchased Weight (3 head)	600	675	+75	700	725	+25	800	750	-50
Purchased weight of animals (lbs)									
Purchase price of animals (\$)									
Final Weight of Animals (lbs)									
Market Value of Animal (\$)									
Vaccines/implants (yes/no)									
Amount of Feed									
Feed Cost									

Vaccines							
	If vaccines were used, list the disease they provided protection against (use proper quality assurance injection sites)						
Date:	Target Disease						

## **Feed and Ration Plan**

Feed is most often the largest expense incurred in the production of livestock. On the following table list the ingredients in the daily rations fed at the start and end of your project. In formulating rations, you also need to know the type of feed (concentrate, roughage, pasture) and pounds of each feed ingredient you have used in your ration.

Daily Feed Ration at Start of Project			Daily Feed Ration at End of Project		
	Туре	Pounds		Туре	Pounds
Total Pounds fed per day			Total Pounds fed per day		

### Inventory

All material items you used to complete your projects should be listed. Depreciable items should be worth less money at the end of the year. Any items purchased during the year should be included as expense and listed on the Ending Inventory with a depreciated value (NOT in beginning inventory).

Equipment, feed, animals( on-hand) and miscellaneous items descriptions.	Value at beginning of the year	Value at the end of the year
Total Beginning Value		
Total Ending Value		
Change in the value +/1		

## Senior Planning and Evaluation Insert

Planning and Evaluating your project

In order to carry out a livestock project, it is necessary to plan ahead for that project. The following tables as for planning information that will help you complete your project; columns are provided to record information on up to three animals. After the project is completed, it is good to be able to compare what actually happened with what you had planned.

Animal Tags	Animal Names

Circle one: Market / Breeding

	<u>, 0</u>					
	Animal #1		Animal #2		Animal #3	
	Planned	Actual	Planned	Actual	Planned	Actual
Breed of Animal						
Annia						
Sex of Animal						

	Animal #1			Animal #2			Animal #3		
	Planned	Actual	Difference	Planned	Actual	Difference	Planned	Actual	Difference
Ex. Purchased Weight	600	675	+75	700	725	+25	800	750	-50
(3 head)									
Purchased weight of									
animals (lbs)									
Purchase price of									
animals (\$)									
Final Weight of									
Animals (lbs)									
Market Value of									
Animal (\$)									
Vaccines/implants									
(yes/no)									
Amount of Feed									
Feed Cost									
						<u> </u>			

### Inventory

All material items you used to complete your project should be listed. Depreciable items should be worth less money at the end of the year. Any items purchased during the year should be included as an expense and listed on the Ending Inventory with a depreciated value (NOT in beginning Inventory). Give an idea of depreciation schedule.

Equipment, feed, animals( on-hand) and miscellaneous items descriptions.	Value at beginning of the year	Value at the end of the year
Total Beginning Value		
Total Ending Value		
Change in the value +/1		

				Feed	d Ration	Plan					
If the beginnin	ng and endii	ng rations ar	e done on a	computer,	insert a copy o	of the comput	er rations ins	stead of com	pleting the t	ables below.	
Calc	ulating the	e Beginning	Ration		Animal	s weight at l	beginning o	f feed perio	od :		
Ingredient	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F) (G	)	(H)	(I)	(L)	(K)
	lb	Dry N	latter	Pr	otein	N	1E	Cale	cium	Phosp	horous
		%	lb	%	lb	%	lb	%	lb	%	lb
Ex. Alfalfa	10	90	9	23	2.07	1.23	11.07	1.8	162	.35	.032
Total:											
Anim. Req.											
Difference											

Calculate the Ending Ration					Animals weight at end of feed period :						
Ingredient	(A)	(B)	(C)	(D)	(E)	(F) (G	)	(H)	(I)	(L)	(K)
	lb	Dry N	1atter	Pr	otein	N	1E	Calc	ium	Phosp	horous
		%	lb	%	lb	%	lb	%	lb	%	lb
Ex. Alfalfa	10	90	9	23	2.07	1.23	11.07	1.8	162	.35	.032
Total:											
Anim. Req.											
Difference											

To calculate the nutrients in each feed ingredient, follow these steps

1. Column C= Multiply value in Column A by value in Column B

2. Column E= Multiply value in Column C by value in Column D

3. Column G= Multiply value in Column C by value in Column F

4. Column I= Multiply value in Column C by value in Column H

5. Column K= Multiply value in Column C by value in Column J

The nutritional requirements for your project animal are in Table 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 on pages 3-4. Difference between total nutrients provided by the ration fed and the animal's daily requirements.

Ib or #= pounds; ME- metabolize able energy; Meat= mega calories.

Note: Average values for the nutrient composition of various feeds can be found on Table 5 on page 4.

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## **Nutrient Requirements**

For feed values see Table 6 on page 4.

#### Table 1. Beef minimum nutrient requirements for 3 pounds/day gain.

Weight (lb)	Dry Matter (lb/day)	Protein (lb/day)	ME (Mcal)	Calcium (lb/day)	Phosphorus (lb/day)
700	18.0	2.01	20.9	.081	.041
800	19.9	2.07	23.2	.080	.044
900	21.7	2.13	25.2	.078	.046
1000	23.6	2.19	27.5	.076	.047
1100	25.3	2.25	29.4	.066	.050
1200	27.6	2.25	32.1	.066	.053
1300	29.9	2.31	34.7	.066	.053
1400	32.2	2.35	37.4	.066	.053

#### Table 3. Sheep minimum nutrient requirements for .75 pound/day gain.

Weight (lb)	Dry Matter (lb/day)	Protein (lb/day)	ME (Mcal)	Calcium (lb/day)	Phosphorus (lb/day)
50 to 70	2.9	.42	3.4	.015	.007
71-100	3.3	.44	4.4	.017	.008
101 to 140	3.3	.40	4.4	.015	.008

#### Table 4. Swine Minimum nutrient requirements for 1.8 pounds/day gain.

Weight (lb)	Dry Matter (lb/day)	Protein (lb/day)	ME (Mcal)	Calcium (lb/day)	Phosphorus
					(lb/day)
22 to 44	2.1	.38	.09	.015	.007
45 to 110	4.2	.63	6.19	.025	.021
110 to 240	6.9	.090	10.19	.035	.028

#### Table 5. Goat Minimum nutrient requirements for .33 pound/day gain.

Weight (lb)	Dry Matter (lb/day)	Protein (lb/day)	ME (Mcal)	Calcium (lb/day)	Phosphorus (lb/day)
22	1.98	.15	1.79	.007	.005
44	2.51	.19	2.28	.009	.006
66	2.97	.23	2.70	.009	.006
88	3.41	.26	3.10	.011	.008
110	3.81	.29	3.46	0.13	.009
Maintenance*	2.51	.23	2.73	.009	.006
Late pregnancy*	3.80	.41	4.15	.013	.009
Doe: low milk production(4.4lb)*	3.80	.53	5.19	.018	.012
Doe: medium milk production (8.8lbs)*	3.80	.83	7.65	.026	.018
Doe: High milk production (13.2lb)*	3.80	1.13	10.11	.035	.025

\*These requirements are based on a 132lb goat; requirements for your goat may vary.

# Nutrient Requirements Cont'd.

### Table 6. List of Feeds

Feed	Dry Matter %	Protein %	ME Mcal/lb	Calcium %	Phosphorus %
Alfalfa, high quality	90	23	1.23	1.80	.35
Alfalfa, medium quality	90	19	1.01	1.50	.22
Alfalfa, low quality	90	17	.97	1.40	.24
Grass/Alfalfa	90	15	.93	.90	.29
Brome grass pasture, early	34	18	1.30	.50	.30
Fescue pasture, early	29	14.5	1.13	.51	.37
Corn silage	33	8.1	1.19	.23	.22
Alfalfa silage	30	23	1.23	1.80	.35
Barely	89	11	1.51	.06	.39
Corn	89	10	1.49	.03	.29
Wheat	89	11.3	1.55	.07	.36
Beet Pulp	92	10.1	1.30	.61	.10
Cottonseed meal	93	41	1.39	.21	1.16
Soybean meal	89	49.9	1.49	.30	.68
Whole cottonseed	92	23	1.71	.21	.64
Beef finisher*	88	12.5	1.27	.87	.41
Swine Grower ration*	90	18	1.33	.60	.50
Swine finisher ration*	90	14	1.35	.60	.50
Sheep grower ration*	90	11.6	1.22	.42	021

\*If your tag differs from these complete feeds, use your tag values and use 1.4 ME Mcal/lb.

	Financ	ial Summary	
\$\$_	(+or-) \$		= \$
Income	Expenses	Change in Inventory	Gross profit or loss
<u>,</u>		= \$	
Gross Profit or loss	"Blue sky"/ support m	noney* Net P	rofit or loss
*"Blue sky"/support money	is any amount received above the	actual market value of that ani	mal.
	Product	tion Efficiency	
Average Daily Gain:	vided by	divided by	
di Total lb gained	# of animals fed	# of days in feed perio	= d
Feed consumed per po	ound of gain:		
C Lb feed consumed	Total lb gained	=	lb of gain
Feed cost per pound:	led hv –		

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Alternate Expenses and Revenue page							
Date (Mo./Day)	Animals, feeds, and miscellaneous items. Description (number, weight, etc.)	Pounds if fed	Cost of items purchased	Income from items sold			
/			\$	\$			
/			\$	\$			
/			\$	\$			
/			\$	\$			
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/			\$	\$			
	Total pounds of feed fed						
	Total of current year expenses		\$				
		·		\$			
	Total of cu						

\*Carry totals to Senior Planning and Evaluation page 5. If you need more room for your record of Expenses and Income, make a copy of this page.

# **Optional Feed Cost and Use Record**

Date (Mo./Day)	Feed Item Examples: Pasture/Hay/Grain/Supplement	Quantity (pounds)	Cost/pound	Total Cost	
/			\$	\$	
/			\$	\$	
/			\$	\$	
/			\$	\$	
/			\$	\$	
/			\$	\$	
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/			\$	\$	
/			\$	\$	
/			\$	\$	
	Total quantity of feed and total cost of feed		b	\$	

(For optional use only with Junior Planning and Evaluation, #91946, Feed Ingredients)

# **Optional Feed Cost and Use Record**

Date (Mo./Day)	Feed Item Examples: Pasture/Hay/Grain/Supplement	Quantity (pounds)	Cost/pound	Total Cost
/		(),,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	\$	\$
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/			\$	\$
/			\$	\$
	Total quantity of feed and total cost of feed			\$

### (For optional use only with Junior Planning and Evaluation, #91946, Feed Ingredients)