

A BRIEF LOOK AT FOREST OFFSET PARTICIPATION IN THE UNITED STATES

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- Project Types
 - Depiction of Improved Forest Management

- Summary of project documentation for all (forest) projects in the U.S.
 - Maps Tables and Such (lots of such)
 - Current topics of interest (to make you fluent enough for carbon cocktail parties)
 - Avoided Emissions vs Removals
 - DEBs
 - Vintages

FOREST CARBON PROJECT TYPES



Avoided Conversion (AC)

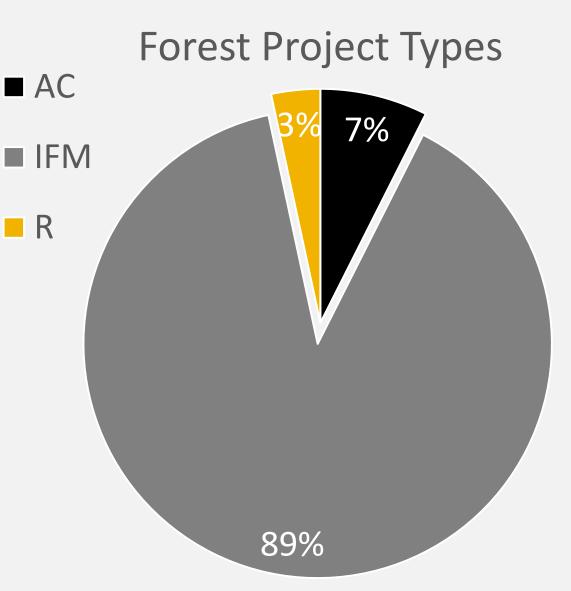
 Forests prevented from being converted to non-forested land

Improved Forest Management (IFM)

 Forest management that increases and maintains a certain level of carbon stocking

Reforestation R

Converting non-forested land into forested land



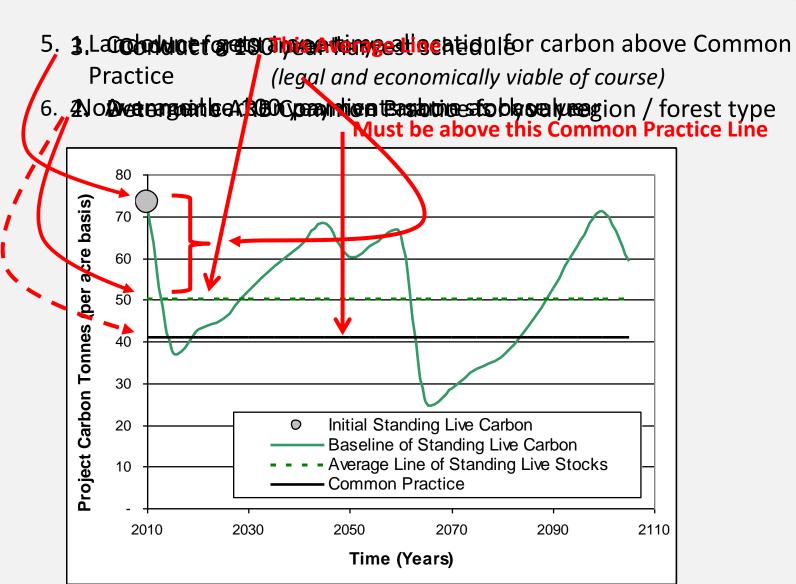


Avoided Emission Offsets:

Initial credits issued, usually larger number because of previously established timber

Removal Offsets:

Credits that are issued yearly due to yearly growth of the project area





Regulatory and Voluntary



Total			
Projects	192		
Acres	5,794,736		
Credits			
Issued	192,754,683		

ARB		
Projects	149	
Acres	5,338,811	
Credits Issued	180,745,973	



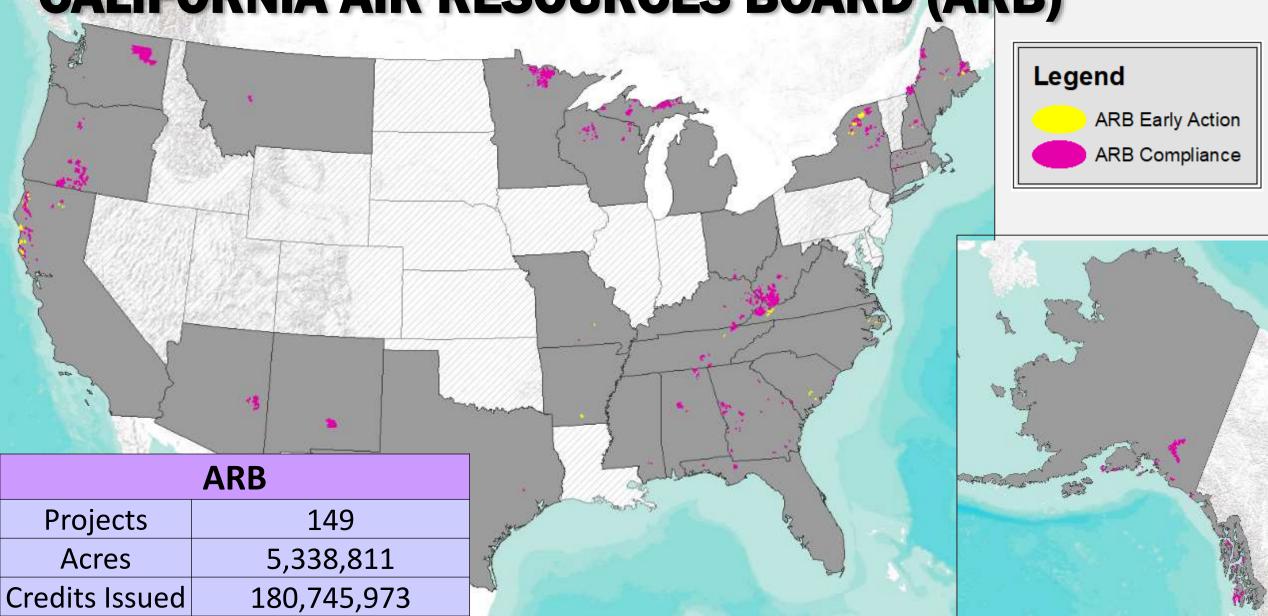


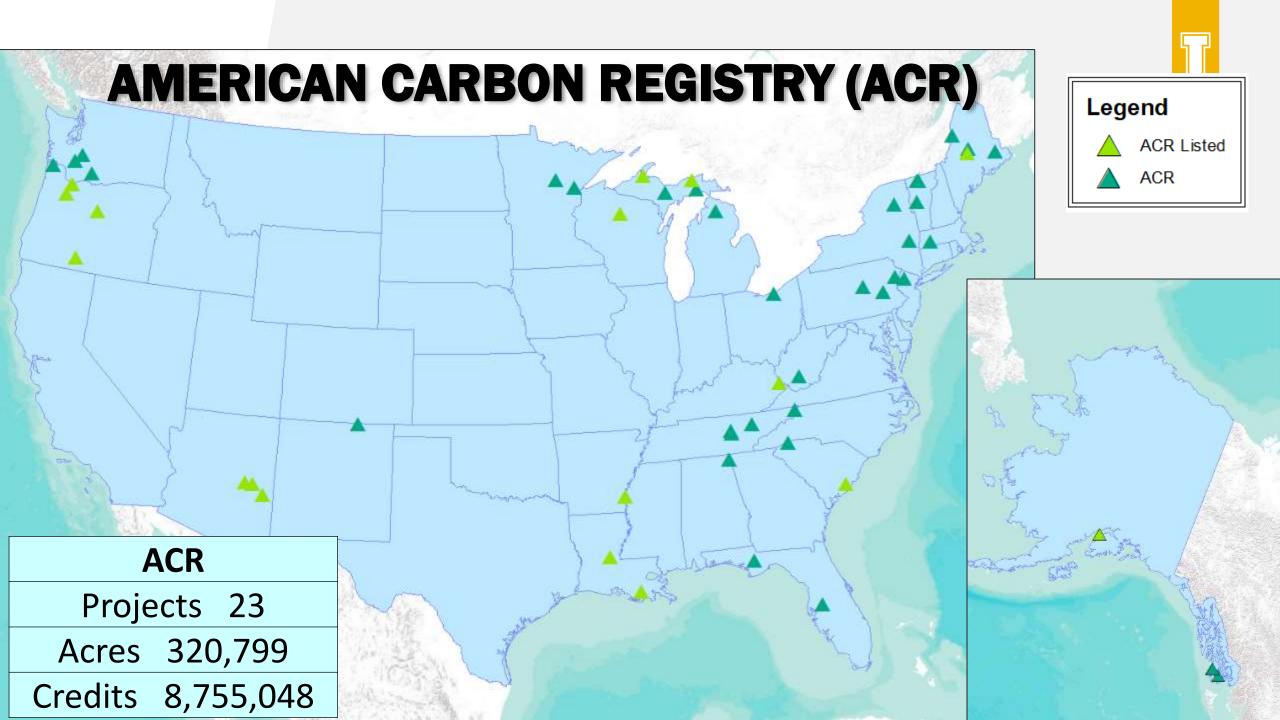


Voluntary				
	CAR	ACR	VCS	
Projects	11	23	9	
Acres	43,966	320,799	91,160	
Credits Issued	3,066,334	8,755,048	187,328	



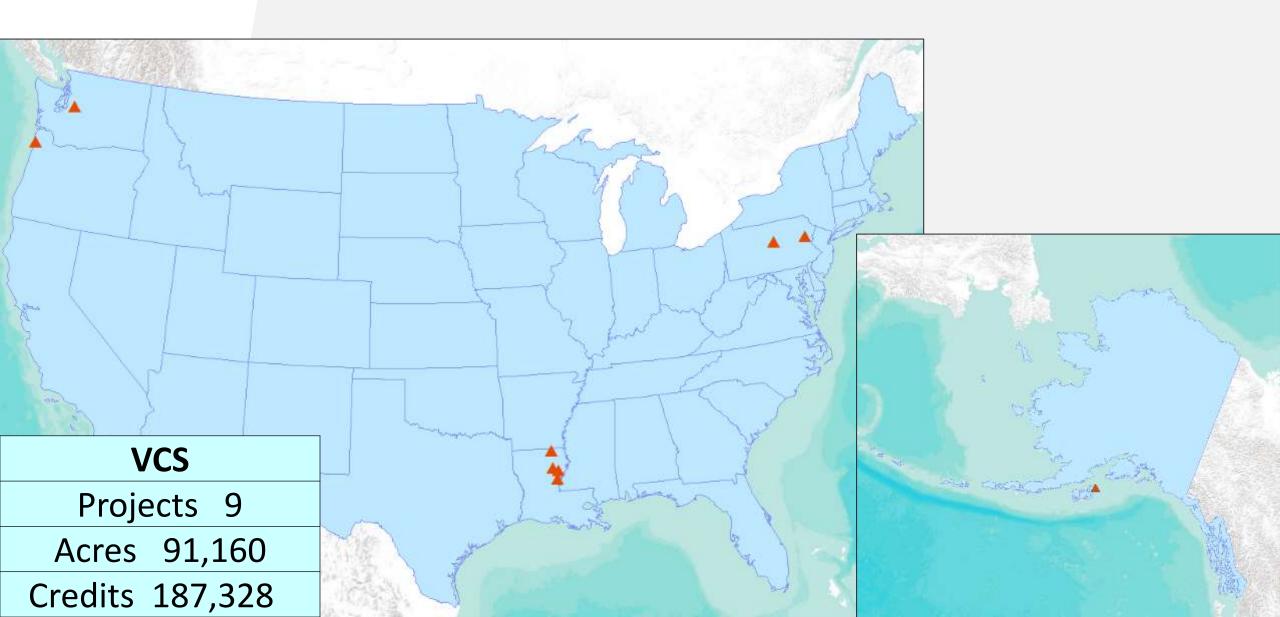
CALIFORNIA AIR RESOURCES BOARD (ARB)

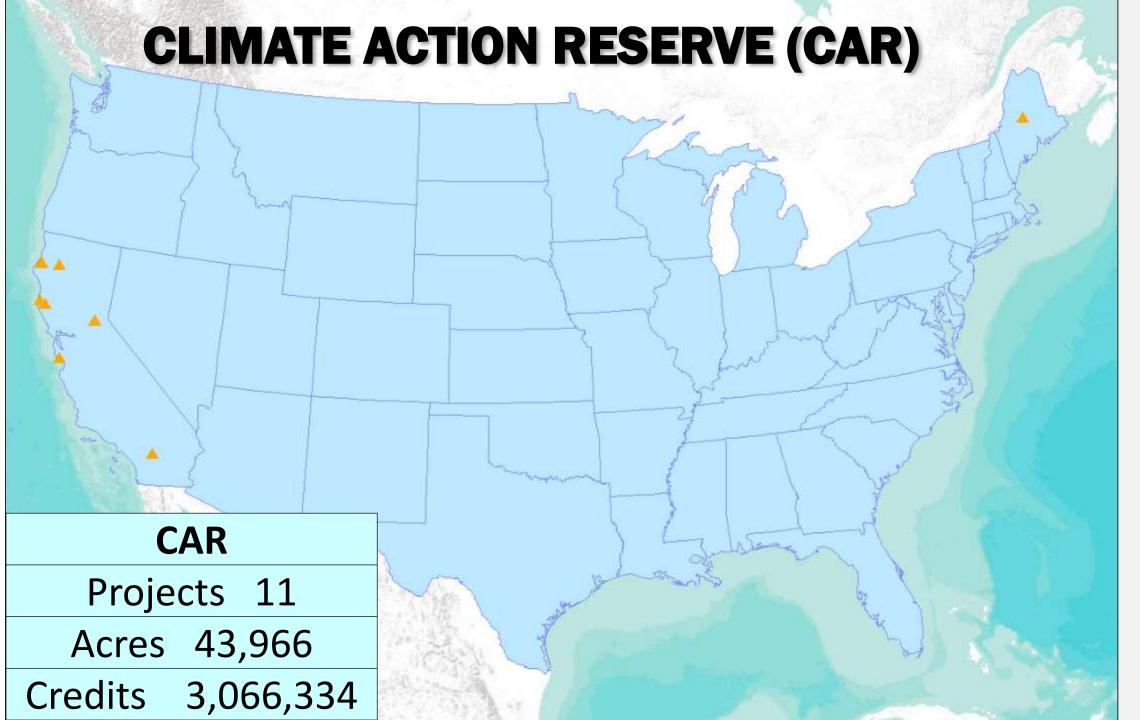




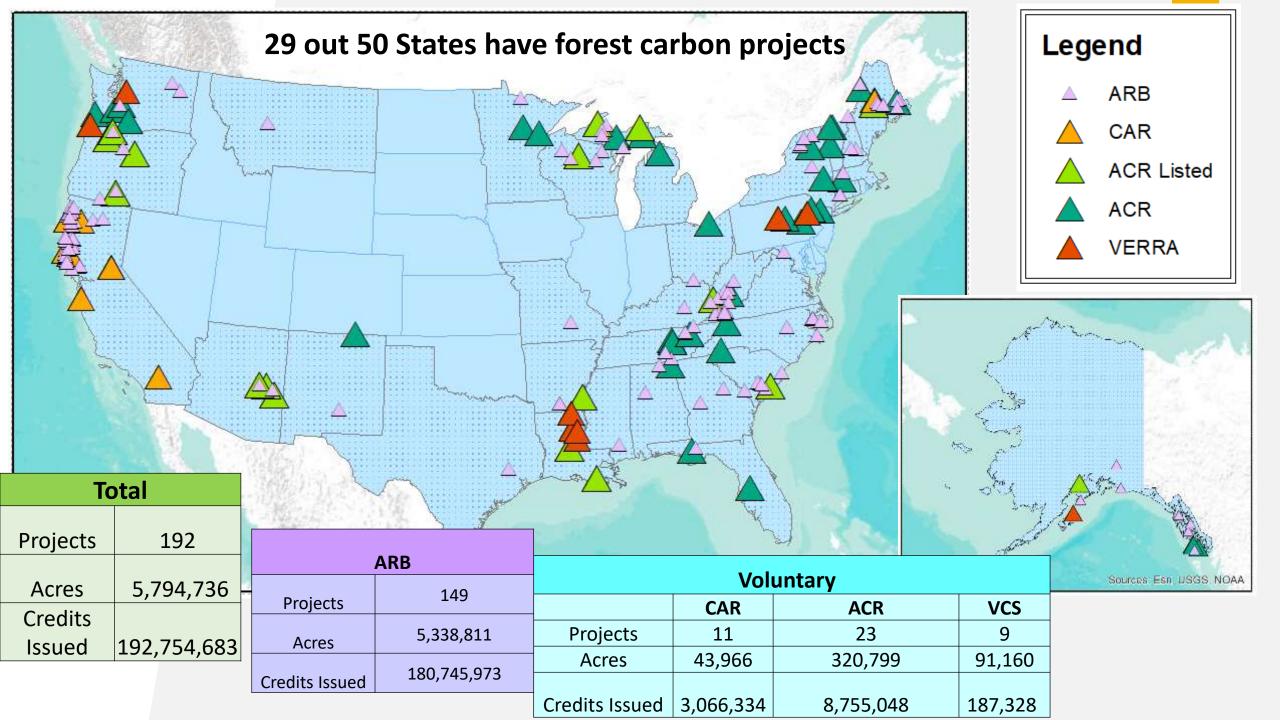
VOLUNTARY CARBON STANDARD (VCS or VERRA)













Issued credits:

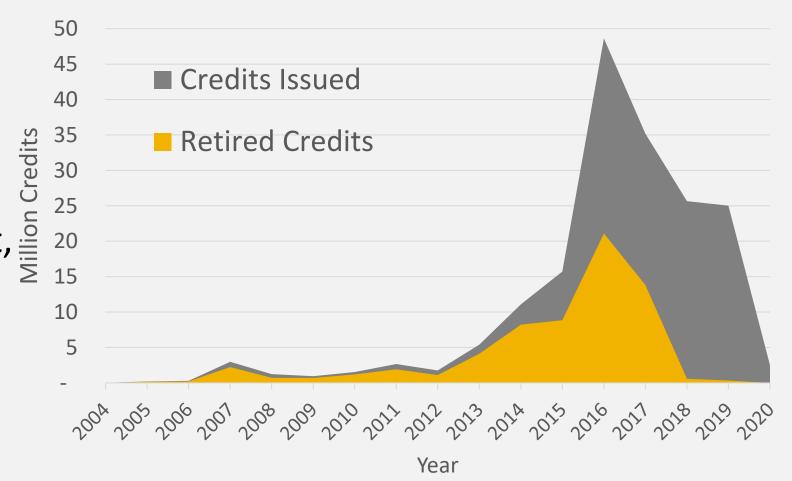
represents one metric ton of CO2 from the atmosphere

Retired credits:

purchased credits that are taken off the market, of the purchaser can claim to have reduced emissions of the purchaser can to have reduced to the purchaser can to the purchaser can

ARB Issued and Retired Credits

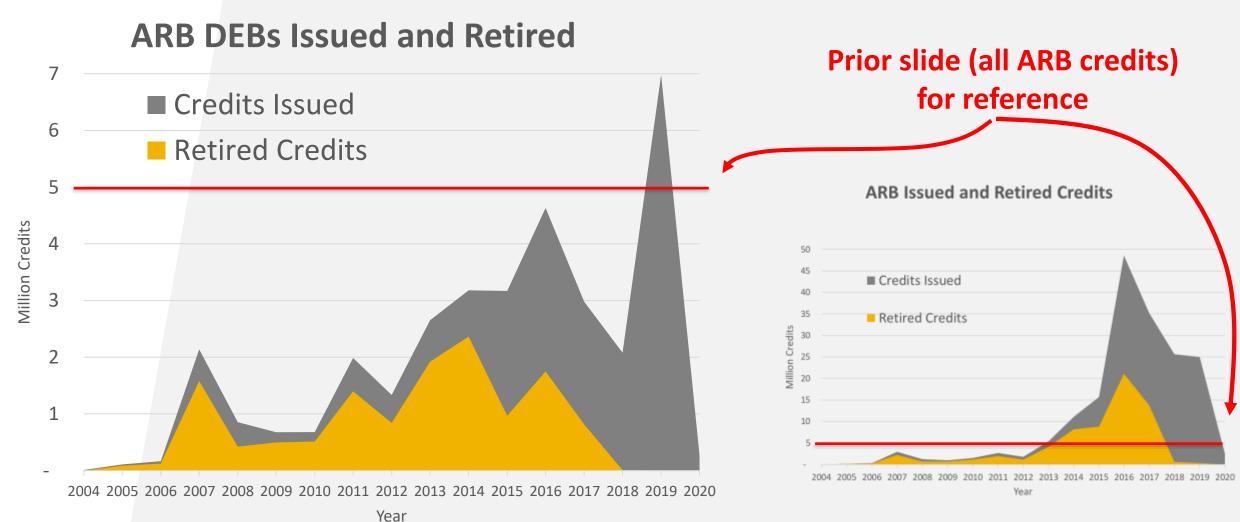
ARB is California Air Resources Board



DIRECT ENVIRONMEMNTAL BENEFITS (DEBS)



To the State Of California requires the reduction or avoidance of any air or water pollutant that could negatively affect the state of California (Assembly Bill 398 (AB 398; Chapter 135, Statutes of 2017))



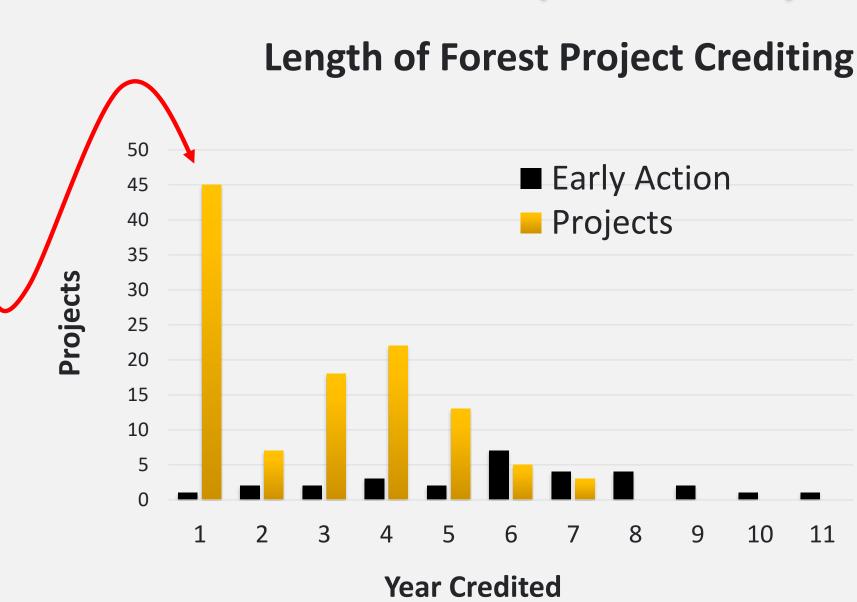
NUMBER OF CREDITING PERIODS (ARB ONLY AGAIN)



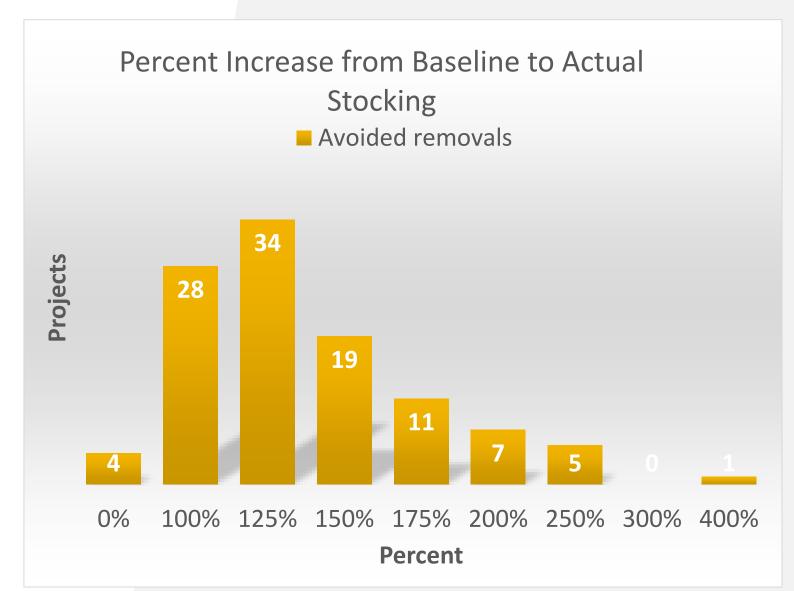
Could be projects that just began (or are in the verification process)

Or

Could be projects that monetized avoided emissions credits only



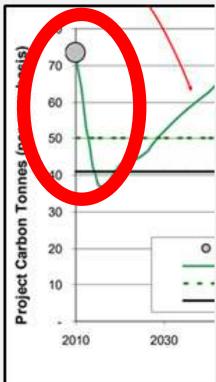




ARB only here (yet again)

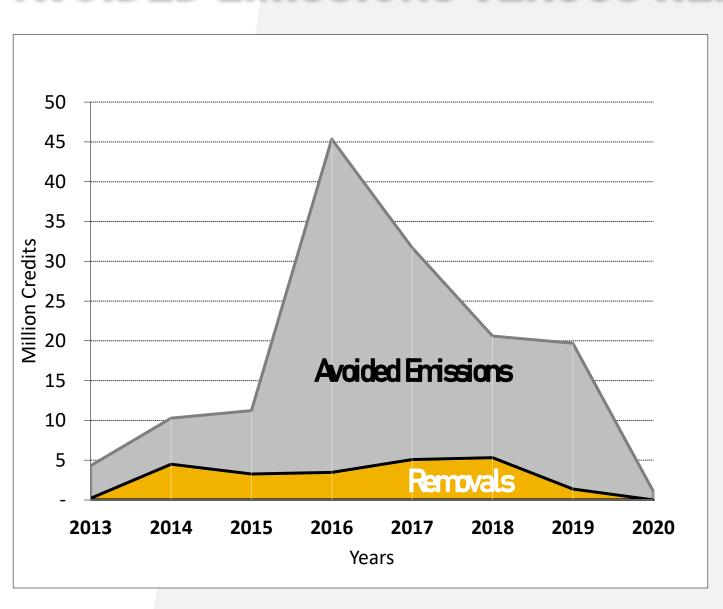
This graph shows the percent increase from the projected stocking to the actual stocking recorded.

(not including early action)



AVOIDED EMISSIONS VERSUS REMOVALS BY CREDITS





Avoided Emission Offsets: Initial credits issued, usually larger number because of previously established timber

Removal Offsets: Credits that are issued yearly due to yearly growth of the project area

ACTIVE MANAGEMENT – WHO IS HARVESTING?



- Looking just at ARB
 - 37% of all projects
 - That is 56 projects harvesting
 - 38.6% of IFM (Improved Forest Management)
 - 45% of AC (Avoided Conversion)
 - O% of R (Reforestation)

- Leakage
 - 20% in ARB not assessed on avoided emissions at time of crediting
 - 40% on most ACR assessed against all crediting

Most leakage values based in some way on: Murray, B. et al. 2005. Greenhouse Gas Potential in U.S. Agriculture and Forestry. United States Environmental Protection Agency Report EPA 430-R-05-006. 154p.

BUFFER POOL CONTRIBUTION - RISK



I The risk rating represents...

- Financial risks
- Natural disaster risks
- Social risks
- Management risks.

Average Risk Rating is 17.5%





U.S. Forest Carbon Market Primer



Carbon Registries

Compliance market set by government regulations and highly regulated

Voluntary market with voluntary buyers and sellers, not as strictly regulated as compliance markets - VCS, CAR, ACR

ARB: 25 year crediting period with 100 years maintaining those carbon

ACR: 20 year crediting period with 20 years maintaining those carbon

VCS: Most used voluntary program in the world

CAR: Crediting can be valid for 100 years from the start date, then 100 years maintaining those stocks CAR Version 5.0

CALIFORNIA Verified Carbon Standard





1.5% of private forest land is enrolled in forest offset projects in the continental US Highest is Oregon at 5.7%

Legend ARB VERRA



Principles of Offset Projects

Additionality Project must demonstrate how it is going to increase carbon stocks in the project area.

Verifiability: Projects must be verified through a third-party, sites are visited every six years and inventory reports are verified.

Leakage: Occurs when the GHG reductions in one area results in the increase of GHG reductions in another area.

Permanence Must show project is permanent for a period of time

One Carbon Credit is equivalent to one metric ton of CO2 from the atmosphere.

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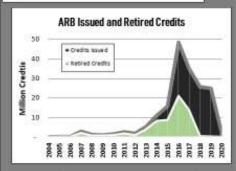
U.S. Forest Carbon Market Primer

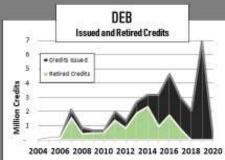
STEPS FOR A FOREST OFFSET PROJECT

						On di
Ī	1. Landrener	2. Developer	3. Verifier	6. Registry	5. Verified Again	
	Provides project area and management of that area	Initial stand stocking and conducts harvest plant	Verified thought third party	Registered in either ARB, CAR, ACR, VCS	The registry verifies the offset project internally	If all previous steps were approved then credits are issued to the landowner

Issued Credits: Represents one metric tan of CO2 from the

Retired Credits: Purchased credits that are taken off the market, so the purchaser can claim to have reduced

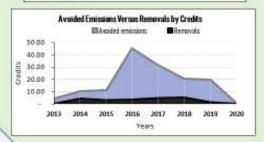




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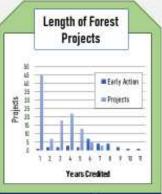
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Improved Forest Management (IFM): Forest management that increases/maintains a certain level of carbon stocking





RB Harvestin

37.4% All

Projects

56 projects of 14

FM-38.6%

AC-45%

R-0%

Data was acquired from the ARB, CAR, and VCS public registries up to



Report Proposed by: Barra Paytee and Greg Latte

CONCLUSION



- No real conclusions here
 - Hopefully you picked up a couple tidbits you can use at some point though
- And.. Hopefully sets the stage for the next couple of talks

Thank You



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