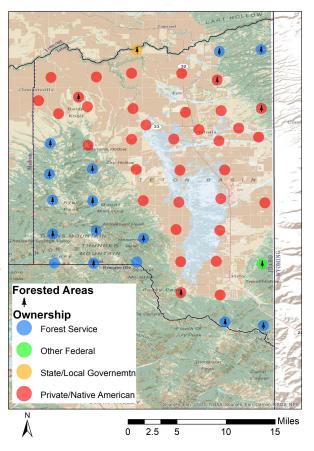


Teton County Forest Inventory Stocks





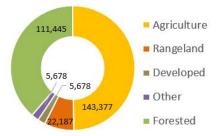
Land Base Overview

The Forest Inventory and Analysis (FIA) program administered by the USDA Forest Service serves as our national forest inventory. In Idaho, each plot represents roughly 6,000 acres and is revisited on a 10-year cycle beginning in 2004. The data collected provides valuable information on forest extent and stocks as well as how those stocks change over time. This fact sheet details the FIA data for Teton County, Idaho.

Area Sq Miles	Forested Acres	% Forested	Total Acres	
451	111,445	38.6%	288,365	

Teton County has just over 110,000 acres (38%) of its land base classified as forest. Forest Service forests are mostly in the southern parts of the county while private land dominates most of the county.





Distribution of 51 Idaho USDA Forest Inventory and Analysis Plots by land ownership

Area and Volume by Forest Type and Owner

Equally important to the overall extent of the county's forests is its ownership and prevalent forest types. Forest extent by type and the volume on those acres provides insight into the economic and ecological opportunities given each owner's management focus. Teton County is dominated by Forest Service land in largely softwood forest types like True Fir and Lodgepole Pine.

				Private/					Private/	
	Forest	Other	State/	Native		Forest	Other	State/	Native	
	Service	Federal	Local	American	Total	Service	Federal	Local	American	Total
	m	illions of cubic	feet				th	ousand acre	·s	
Softwood										
Douglas-fir	22	0	0	0	22	19	0	0	0	19
Juniper	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	6	0	6
Lodgepole Pine	52	0	0	0	52	31	0	0	0	31
True Fir	67	0	0	0	67	17	0	0	0	17
Hardwood	12	7	0	9	28	13	6	0	19	38
Total	153	7	1	9	171	80	6	6	19	111

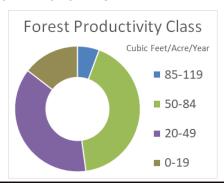


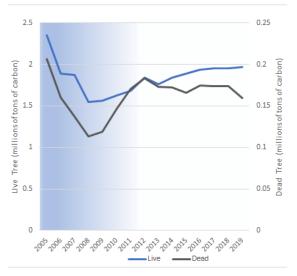
Teton County Forest Inventory Change



Forest Carbon

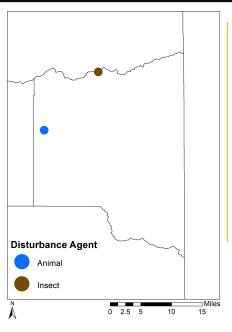
Forests are a significant part of the global carbon cycle. The productivity class indicates potential annual forest growth. This potential along with current forest size and stocking affect how much carbon a forest can intake, sequestering it from atmospheric accounts into woody biomass. Teton County's forests have been removing carbon from the atmosphere at a rate of 0.03 MT C per year since 2013. Dead tree carbon pools have fluctuated over that time period ranging between 0.1 and 0.25 MT C in stocks.

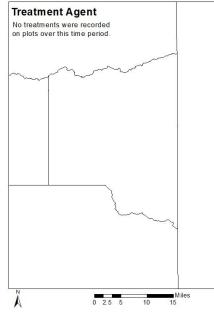




Each year since 2004, the FIA has measured 1/10th of the plots in Teton County. This means that a full sample was not collected until 2013. This is indicated by the blue coloring on the graph, which becomes lighter as more plots are measured. The early measurements are less precise than the ones after 2013, when all plots were measured, and the remeasuring process began.

Disturbance





Disturbances, either natural or management-related, are another factor of change affecting Idaho's forests. Insects are the largest factor of disturbance observed in the FIA data for Teton County, and becoming a bigger problem as they infect more trees. Forest management related disturbance did not occur during this time period.

	Forest Service	Other Federal	State/ Local	Private/ Native American	
		acres			
Disturbance					Total
Disease	0	0	0	0	0
Fire	0	0	0	0	0
Insect	0	0	1,703	0	1,703
Other Disturbance	4,392	0	0	0	4,392
Total	4,392	0	1,703	0	6,095
Management					
Planting	0	0	0	0	0
Cutting	0	0	0	0	0
Other Treatment	0	0	0	0	0
Preparation	0	0	0	0	0
Total	0	0	0	0	0
Grand Total	4,392	0	1,703	0	6,095