



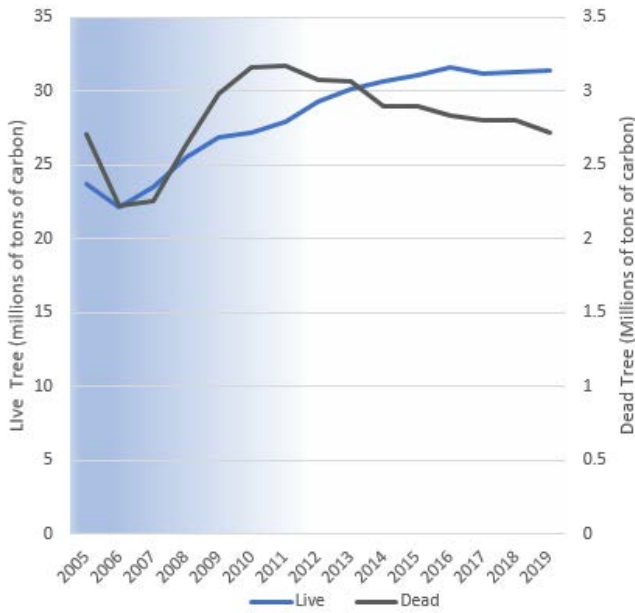


# Forest Inventory Change

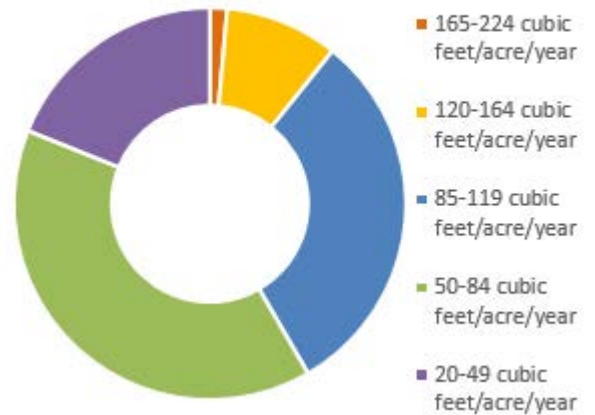


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Policy Analysis Group

## Forest Carbon

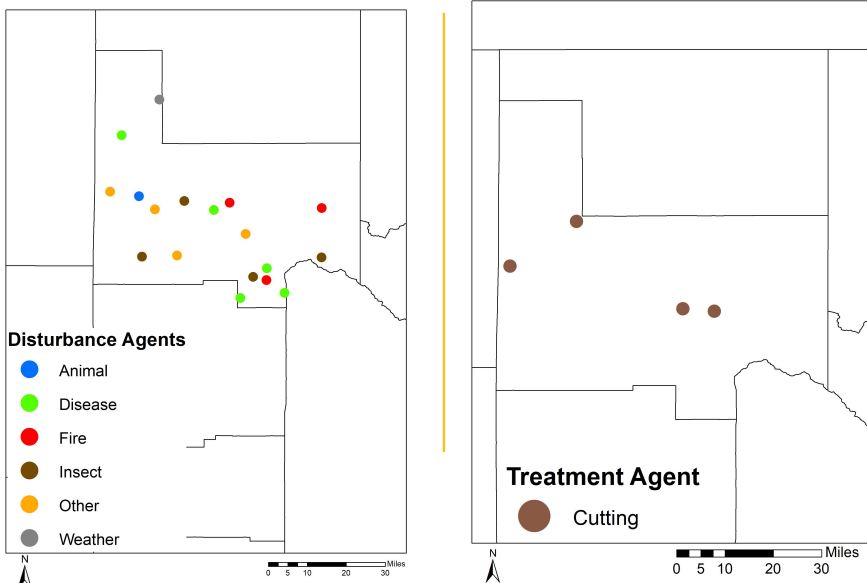


## Forest Productivity Class



Forests are a significant part of the global carbon cycle. The productivity class classifies how much a forest grows every year. This affects how much carbon a forest can intake.

## Disturbance



	Forest Service	Other Federal	State/Local	Private/Native American	Total
----- acres -----					
<b>Disturbance</b>					
Disease	18,804	0	2,426	2,498	23,729
Fire	7,279	0	0	0	7,279
Insect	6,066	0	1,820	1,533	9,418
Other					
Disturbance	22,941	0	12,738	110,978	146,657
<b>Total</b>	<b>55,090</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>16,985</b>	<b>115,009</b>	<b>187,083</b>
<b>Management</b>					
Artificial	0	0	152	0	152
Cutting	782	303	2,426	7,142	10,654
Other Treatment	0	0	0	0	0
Preparation	0	0	0	557	557
<b>Total</b>	<b>782</b>	<b>303</b>	<b>2,578</b>	<b>7,699</b>	<b>11,363</b>
<b>Grand Total</b>	<b>55,872</b>	<b>303</b>	<b>19,563</b>	<b>122,708</b>	<b>198,446</b>

Disturbances affect the forest growth. There are many different types of disturbances and human management is a form of disturbance. Disease is very common in Northern Idaho and becoming a bigger problem as it infects more trees.