## Feeding Show Lambs



## Universityofldaho Extension

Jim Sprinkle, Ph. D.

Extension Beef Specialist - Nutrition University of Idaho,


## Lamb Quiz

-What will your lamb weigh at the fair?

- How many lbs. per day will you lamb gain?
- How much will a 100 lb . lamb eat? How much does it need to eat?
- Can you estimate weight of the lamb with a tape measure?
- Match the following weights with protein req.
$>60 \mathrm{lbs}$.
$>80 \mathrm{lbs}$.
$>110 \mathrm{lbs}$.
$13 \%$ of diet
$15 \%$ of diet
$12 \%$ of diet


## Normal Feed Intakes

- Growing Lamb (60 to 80 lbs.: 4\% of body weight
$>80 \mathrm{lbs}$ x .?? $=3.2 \mathrm{lbs}$. per day of feed
$>50 \%$ grain $=$ ?? lbs. grain/day
- Finishing Lamb: 3\% of body weight
$>110 \mathrm{lbs} . x .03=3.3 \mathrm{lbs}$. feed per day
$>3.3 \mathrm{lbs} . \mathrm{x} . ? ?=1.98 \mathrm{lbs}$. grain per day


## Rumen Adjustment Period

- Grass hay if not used to alfalfa
* $1^{\text {st }} 3$ days, all grass hay, then 25\% alfalfa
* $5^{\text {th }}$ day, $50 \%$ alfalfa
* $7^{\text {th }}$ day, $75 \%$ alfalfa
* gh $^{\text {th }}$ day, $100 \%$ alfalfa
- Grain Step Ups:
* . 25 lbs. grain, 3 days
*. 50 lbs . grain, 3 days
* 1.0 lbs . grain, 3 days
* 1.5 lbs . grain, 3 days, then hold
* If more grain is needed, feed each $10 \%$ increase in grain at least 7 days
* For 4-H lambs, 40 to $50 \%$ grain is the norm, never more than $70 \%$
- Grower Ration (50\% grain) fed until 65 to 70 lbs . unless lamb is large and many days until show
- Danger signs:
* Off feed
* Loose stools


## Total Digestible Nutrients (TDN)



10 lbs. hay


4 lbs. manure

10 lbs. fed - 4 lbs. manure $=6$ lbs. digested

$$
\frac{6}{10}=60 \% \mathrm{TDN}
$$

|  |  | orchardgrass hay |  | alfalfa hay, midbloom |  | corn |  | barley |  | oats |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | \% CP | \% TDN | \% CP | \% TDN | \% CP | \% TDN | \% CP | \% TDN | \% CP | \% TDN |  |  |
|  |  | 9.7\% | 57.0\% | 17.1\% | 58.0\% | 10.1\% | 91.0\% | 12.9\% | 84.0\% | 12.2\% | 76.0\% |  |  |
| Feed Mixtures |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Feeding Rations |  | orchardgrass/corn |  | orchardgrass/barley |  | orchardgrass/oats |  | alfalfa hay/corn |  | alfalfa hay/barley |  | alfalfa hay/oats |  |
| \%grain | \%forage | \% CP | \% TDN | \% CP | \% TDN | \% CP | \% TDN | \% CP | \% TDN | \% CP | \% TDN | \% CP | \% TDN |
|  | 100 | 9.7 | 57.0 | 9.7 | 57.0 | 9.7 | 57.0 | 17.1 | 58.0 | 17.1 | 58.0 | 17.1 | 58.0 |
| 20 | 80 | 9.8 | 63.8 | 10.3 | 62.4 | 10.2 | 60.8 | 15.7 | 64.6 | 16.3 | 63.2 | 16.1 | 61.6 |
| 30 | 70 | 9.8 | 67.2 | 10.7 | 65.1 | 10.5 | 62.7 | 15.0 | 67.9 | 15.8 | 65.8 | 15.6 | 63.4 |
| 40 | 60 | 9.9 | 70.6 | 11.0 | 67.8 | 10.7 | 64.6 | 14.3 | 71.2 | 15.4 | 68.4 | 15.1 | 65.2 |
| 50 | 50 | 9.9 | 74.0 | 11.3 | 70.5 | 11.0 | 66.5 | 13.6 | 74.5 | 15.0 | 71.0 | 14.7 | 67.0 |
| 60 | 40 | 9.9 | 77.4 | 11.6 | 73.2 | 11.2 | 68.4 | 12.9 | 77.8 | 14.6 | 73.6 | 14.2 | 68.8 |
| 70 | 30 | 10.0 | 80.8 | 11.9 | 75.9 | 11.5 | 70.3 | 12.2 | 81.1 | 14.2 | 76.2 | 13.7 | 70.6 |
| 80 | 20 | 10.0 | 84.2 | 12.3 | 78.6 | 11.7 | 72.2 | 11.5 | 84.4 | 13.7 | 78.8 | 13.2 | 72.4 |
| 85 | 15 | 10.0 | 85.9 | 12.4 | 80.0 | 11.8 | 73.2 | 11.2 | 86.1 | 13.5 | 80.1 | 12.9 | 73.3 |

Estimated TDN \% in feeds containing 2\% fat, 13\% protein, and different levels of fiber as shown on feed labels*

*For $16 \%$ protein,deduct $.5 \%$ TDN. For example a feed tag with $2 \%$ ash, $2 \%$ fiber, and $16 \%$ protein would be $86.1 \%$ TDN. *For $10 \%$ protein,add $.5 \%$ TDN. For example a feed tag with $2 \%$ ash, $2 \%$ fiber, and $10 \%$ protein would be $87.4 \%$ TDN.
*For each 1\% added fat, add 2.25\% TDN.

Nutrient Requirements of Lambs (from NRC, Nutrient Req. of Sheep, 1985)
DAILY DRY MATTER
COMPOSITION OF FEED

| Body | Daily | Per | \% |  | Crude |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Weight <br> (b) | Gain <br> (lb) | Animal <br> (lb) | Live Weight | $\begin{gathered} \text { TDN } \\ (\%) \\ \hline \end{gathered}$ | Protein <br> (\%) | Calcium (\%) | Phosphorus <br> (\%) |
| Growing - Lambs finishing - 4 to 7 months old |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 66 | 0.65 | 2.9 | 4.4 | 72.4 | 14.5 | 0.50 | 0.24 |
| 88 | 0.60 | 3.5 | 4.0 | 77.1 | 11.7 | 0.42 | 0.21 |
| 110 | 0.45 | 3.5 | 3.2 | 77.1 | 10.0 | 0.35 | 0.19 |
| Early weaned lambs - Moderate growth potential |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | 0.44 | 1.1 | 5.0 | 81.8 | 25.5 | 0.80 | 0.38 |
| 44 | 0.55 | 2.2 | 5.0 | 81.8 | 16.8 | 0.54 | 0.25 |
| 66 | 0.66 | 2.9 | 4.4 | 75.9 | 14.5 | 0.51 | 0.24 |
| 88 | 0.76 | 3.3 | 3.8 | 78.8 | 13.3 | 0.51 | 0.26 |
| 110 | 0.66 | 3.3 | 3.0 | 78.8 | 12.1 | 0.47 | 0.25 |
| Early weaned lambs - Rapid growth potential |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 22 | 0.55 | 1.3 | 5.9 | 84.6 | 26.9 | 0.83 | 0.37 |
| 44 | 0.66 | 2.6 | 5.9 | 76.9 | 17.3 | 0.55 | 0.25 |
| 66 | 0.72 | 3.1 | 4.7 | 77.4 | 15.5 | 0.51 | 0.24 |
| 88 | 0.88 | 3.3 | 3.8 | 75.8 | 15.5 | 0.57 | 0.29 |
| 110 | 0.94 | 3.7 | 3.4 | 75.7 | 14.3 | 0.56 | 0.29 |
| 132 | 0.77 | 3.7 | 2.8 | 75.7 | 14.3 | 0.49 | 0.27 |

Sheep weight, lbs. $50 \%$ TDN $60 \%$ TDN $65 \%$ TDN $70 \%$ TDN $75 \%$ TDN

| 50 | 0.71 | 0.59 | 0.54 | 0.51 | 0.47 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 60 | 0.81 | 0.68 | 0.62 | 0.58 | 0.54 |
| 70 | 0.91 | 0.76 | 0.70 | 0.65 | 0.61 |
| 80 | 1.01 | 0.84 | 0.77 | 0.72 | 0.67 |
| 90 | 1.10 | 0.92 | 0.85 | 0.79 | 0.74 |
| 100 | 1.19 | 1.00 | 0.91 | 0.85 | 0.80 |
| 110 | 1.28 | 1.07 | 0.98 | 0.91 | 0.85 |
| 120 | 1.37 | 1.14 | 1.05 | 0.98 | 0.91 |
| 130 | 1.45 | 1.22 | 1.11 | 1.04 | 0.97 |

Additional lbs. of dry matter feed required above maintenance
ADG desired, lbs. 50\% TDN 60\% TDN 65\% TDN 70\% TDN 75\% TDN

| 0.10 | 1.11 | 0.62 | 0.53 | 0.45 | 0.40 |
| ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: | ---: |
| 0.20 | 2.21 | 1.24 | 1.05 | 0.89 | 0.79 |
| 0.25 | 2.76 | 1.54 | 1.31 | 1.12 | 0.99 |
| 0.30 | 3.32 | 1.85 | 1.58 | 1.34 | 1.19 |
| 0.35 | 3.87 | 2.16 | 1.84 | 1.56 | 1.39 |
| 0.40 | 4.42 | 2.47 | 2.10 | 1.79 | 1.58 |
| 0.45 | 4.97 | 2.78 | 2.36 | 2.01 | 1.78 |
| 0.50 | 5.53 | 3.09 | 2.63 | 2.23 | 1.98 |
| 0.55 | 6.08 | 3.40 | 2.89 | 2.46 | 2.18 |

## Calculations for Preceding Example*

- 125 lb . at sale -80 lb . purchase $\mathrm{wt} .=45 \mathrm{lbs}$. gain needed
- 45 lbs. gain needed $\div 110$ days before sale $=0.409$ ADG
- Feed for maintenance from table for $70 \%$ TDN, 110 lb . lamb 0.91 lbs . feed $\div .90$ dry matter $=1.01 \mathrm{lbs}$. feed as fed
- Feed for gain from table for $70 \%$ TDN, 110 lb . lamb gaining 0.40 lbs ./day $1.79 \div .90$ dry matter $=1.99 \mathrm{lbs}$. feed as fed
- Total feed for maintenance + gain
$1.00+2.00 \mathrm{lbs}=3.00 \mathrm{lbs} . /$ day (not practical to feed in $1 / 100$ of a lb.)
* Heavy muscled black face lamb, 125 lb . sale weight


## Other Precautions

- Sheep are very sensitive to copper levels in the diet. Do not feed trace mineral products designed for cattle to sheep. Keep copper levels in the diet at 8 ppm .



Aged.ces.uga.edu/2003cds/cd2/Livestock\ Resources/docs/sheep\\GRADING\ 0F\ SLAUGHTER\ LAMBS.doc
http://ag.ansc.purdue.edu/sheep/ansc442/Semprojs/carcass/442.htm


http://ag.ansc.purdue.edu/sheep/ansc442/Semprojs/carcass/442.htm

http://ag.ansc.purdue.edu/sheep/ansc442/Semprojs/carcass/442.htm

## Lamb Yield Grades

## Yield Grade $=.4+(10 \times$ Adj. 12th rib fat thickness)

Yield Grade

$$
\begin{array}{ll}
1 & .00 \text { to } .15 \text { inches } \\
2 & .16 \text { to } .25 \text { inches } \\
3 & .26 \text { to } .35 \text { inches } \\
4 & .36 \text { to } .45 \text { inches } \\
5 & .46 \text { or greater }
\end{array}
$$

From: Dr. Jessica Gentry, Middle Tennessee State University

## Estimating Backfat by Feel



## How Much Does the Lamb Weigh?

- Live Wt. $=($ HG $\times$ HG $\times$ Length $) / 300$
- Length $=31.75$ inches
- Heart Girth $=33$ inches



## How Much to Feed? HOMEWORK

- Lamb weighs 115 lbs .
- Show is in four weeks
- Proper show weight is 125 to 130 lbs .
- $A D G=130-115=15 \mathrm{lbs}$.
- $15 \mathrm{lbs} . \div 28$ days $=.54 \mathrm{lbs} . /$ day
- Feed is $50 \%$ alfalfa hay \& $50 \%$ commercial feed
- See Table on Slide 6 for TDN percentage.
- See Table "Minimal Feed Amounts Required for Show Lambs" on Slide 8 in this presentation for total lbs. feed.


## Lamb Examples


ars.sdstate.edu/ classes/AS101/01\%20Beef\%20Evaluation\%20and\%20sheep\%20eval.ppt

## Lamb Examples


ars.sdstate.edu/ classes/AS101/01\%20Beef\%20Evaluation\%20and\%20sheep\%20eval.ppt

## Lamb Examples


ars.sdstate.edu/ classes/AS101/01\%20Beef\%20Evaluation\%20and\%20sheep\%20eval.ppt


## Fall Show Lamb Timeline

## Grain Step Ups:

.25 lbs. grain, 3 days
.50 lbs grain, 3 days
1.0 lbs grain, 3 days
1.5 lbs grain, 3 days, then hold

If more grain is needed, feed each
$10 \%$ increase in grain at least 7 days For $4-\mathrm{H}$ lambs, 40 to $50 \%$ grain is the norm, never more than 70\%

Mar
28
相

Lamb born Feb. 28 -
Mar. 28

Enterotoxemia booster Weigh lamb
Start halter breaking
Start exercise program
Adjust grain ration from
40 to $60 \%$ of diet as needed.
Weigh lamb Adjust feed as needed for lbs. fed and hay:grain


Buy lamb (60 to 80 lbs .) 110 days before show. Make sure has
Enterotoxemia shot.

Continue to weigh lamb every 2 wks .
Adjust lbs. fed and hay:grain as
required for gain needed.


## Thank You



- For more information, see http://ag.arizona.edu/pubs/animal/az1053.pdf

