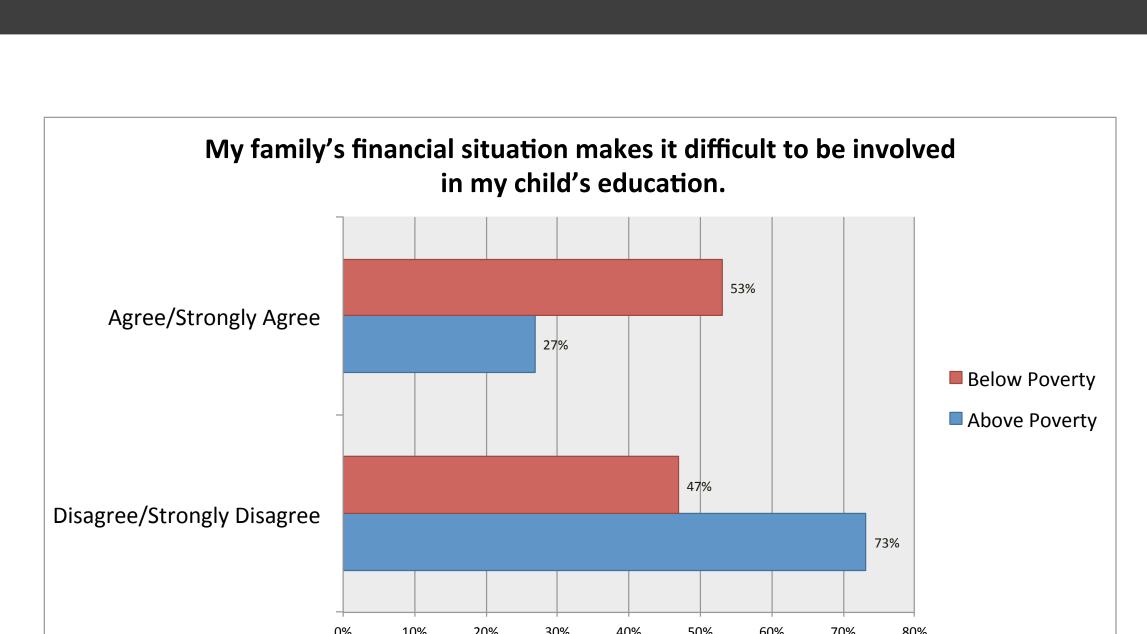
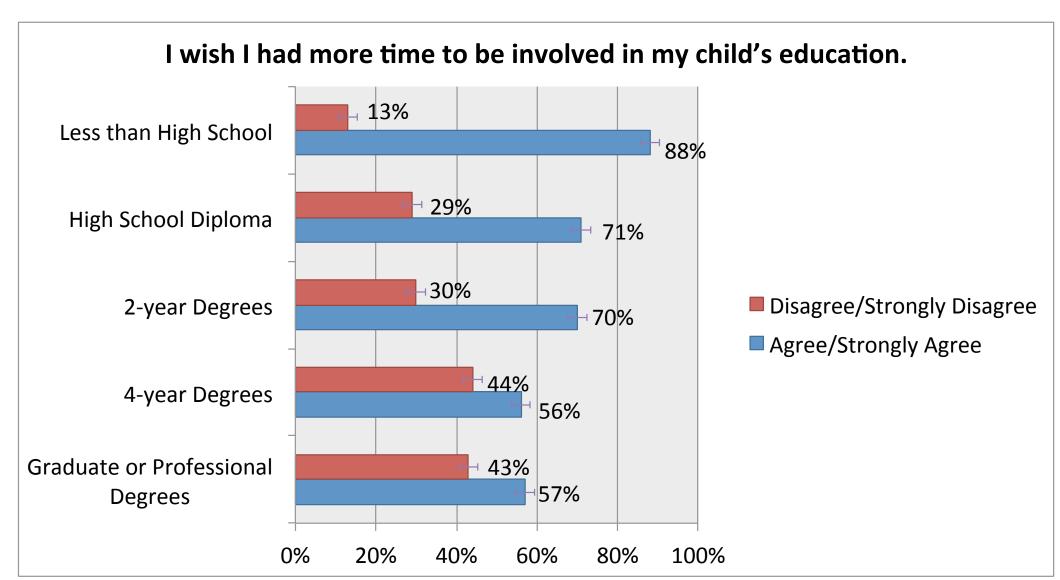
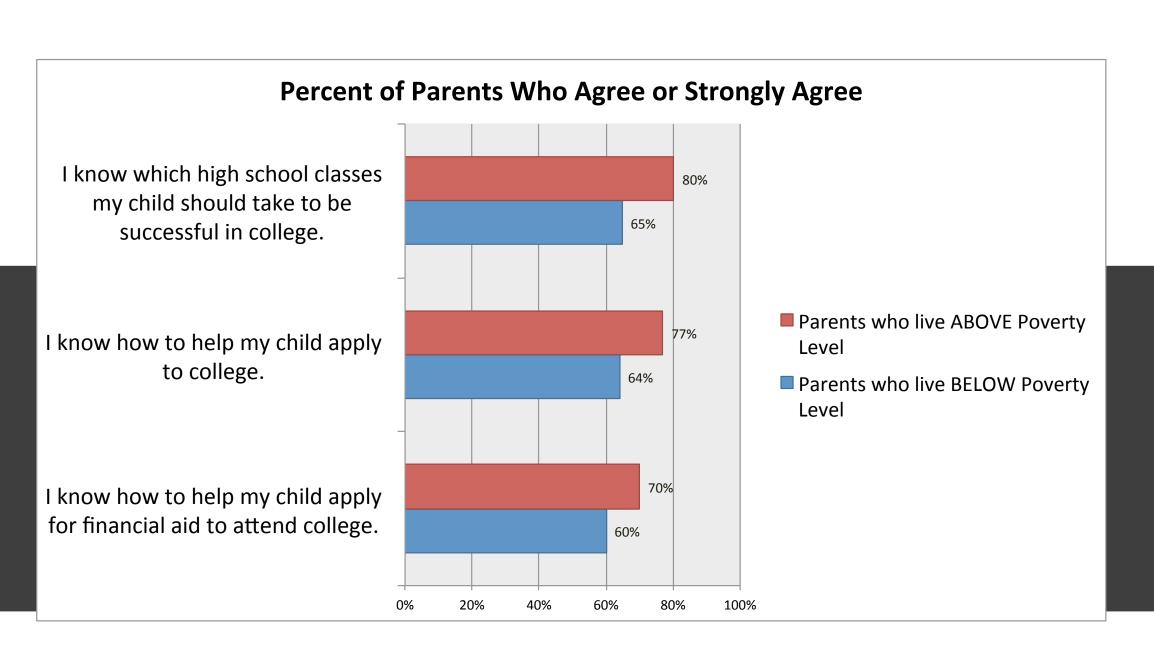


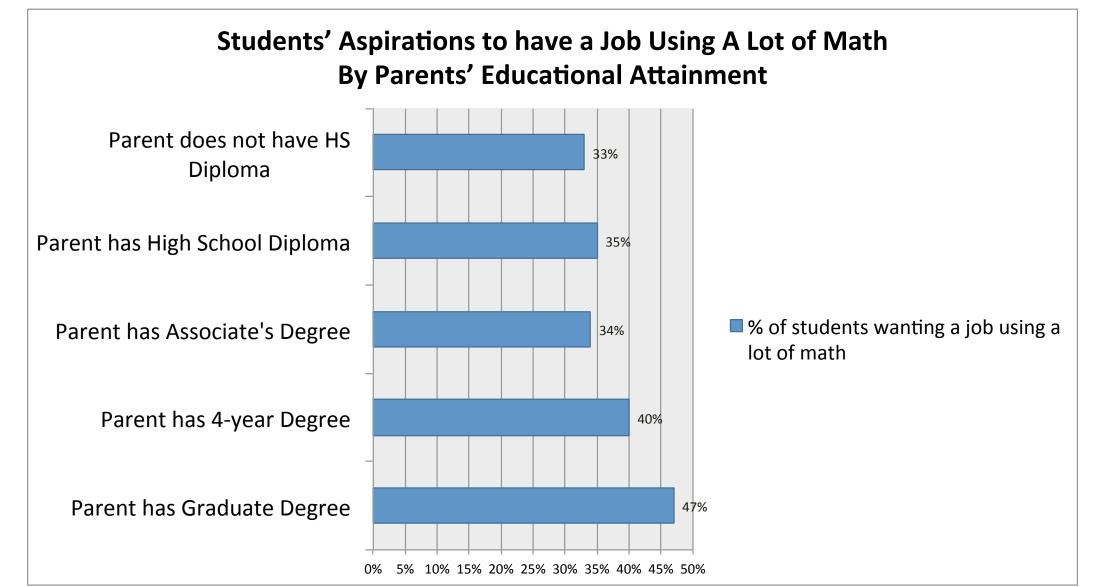
### PARENTAL INFLUENCE:

### Income and Educational Attainment Matter









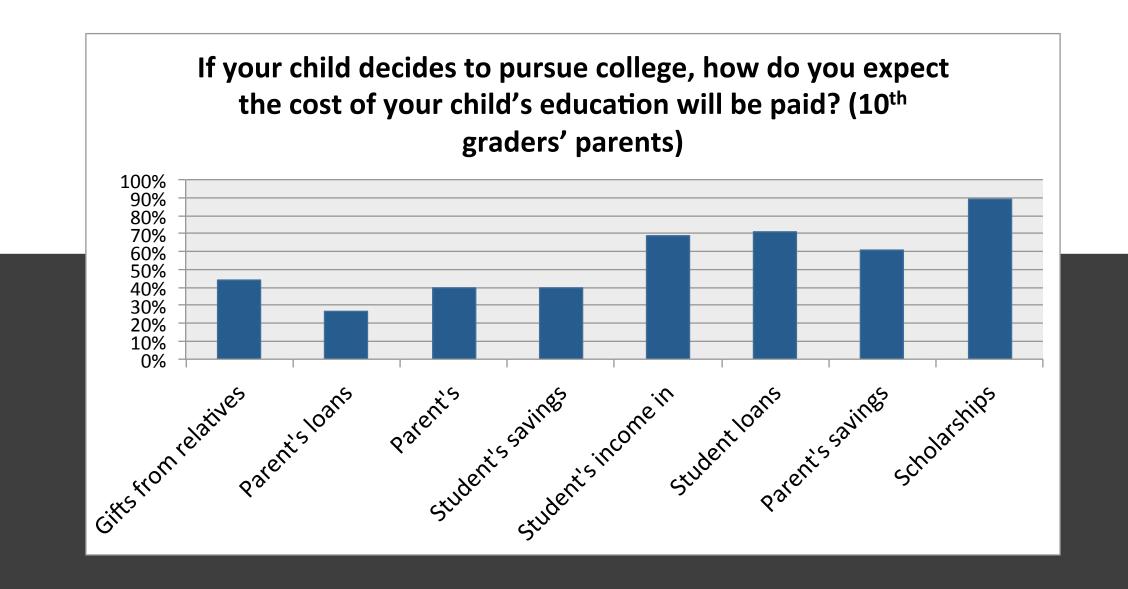
- \*\* Parents experiencing poverty are significantly more likely than parents who are not to indicate their financial situation makes it difficult to be involved in their child's education.
- \* Approximately half of parents considered to be above poverty also reported that being involved in student education was difficult due to their financial situation.
- **\*\* Parents with less** than a high school **education** wish they had more time to be involved in their child's education compared to other parents.
- Parents' educational attainment significantly correlates with students' career **aspirations,** with the desire to use a lot of math increasing as parents' education level increases.
- \* Parents experiencing poverty were less likely to report understanding different aspects of college preparation. 40% of parents living below poverty level reported they did not know how to help their child apply for financial aid.

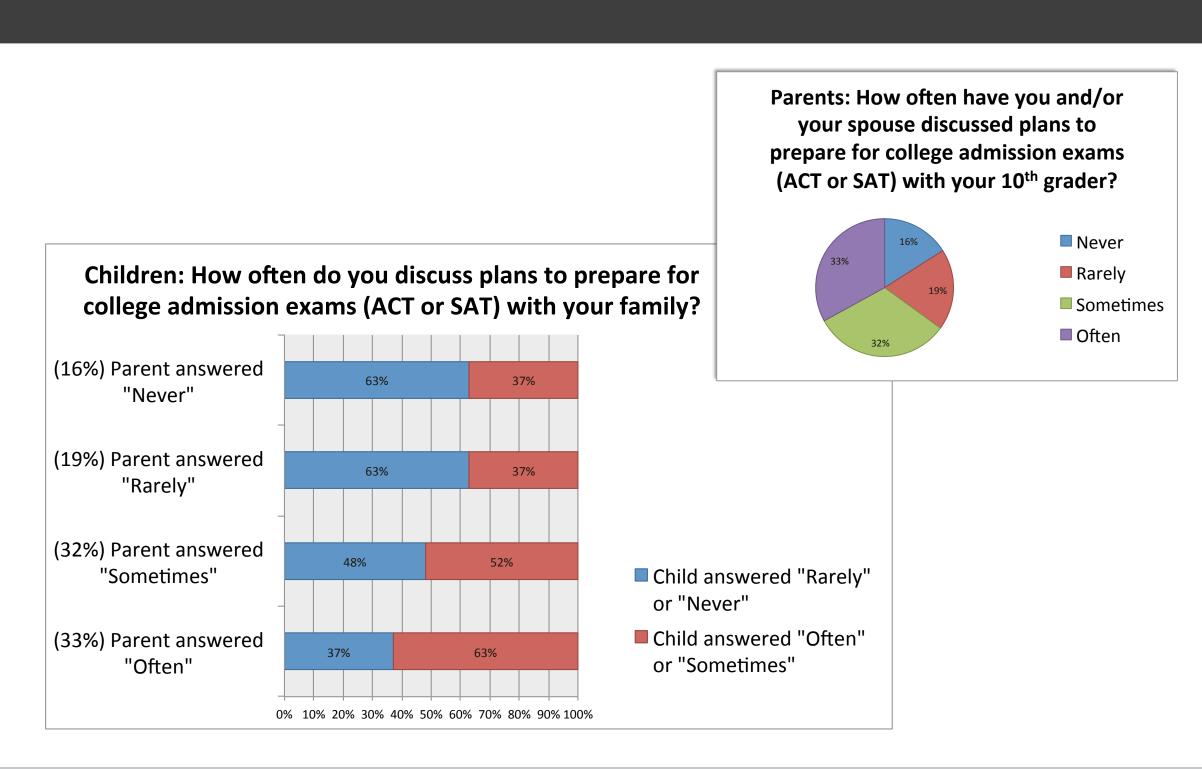
# University of Idaho Micron

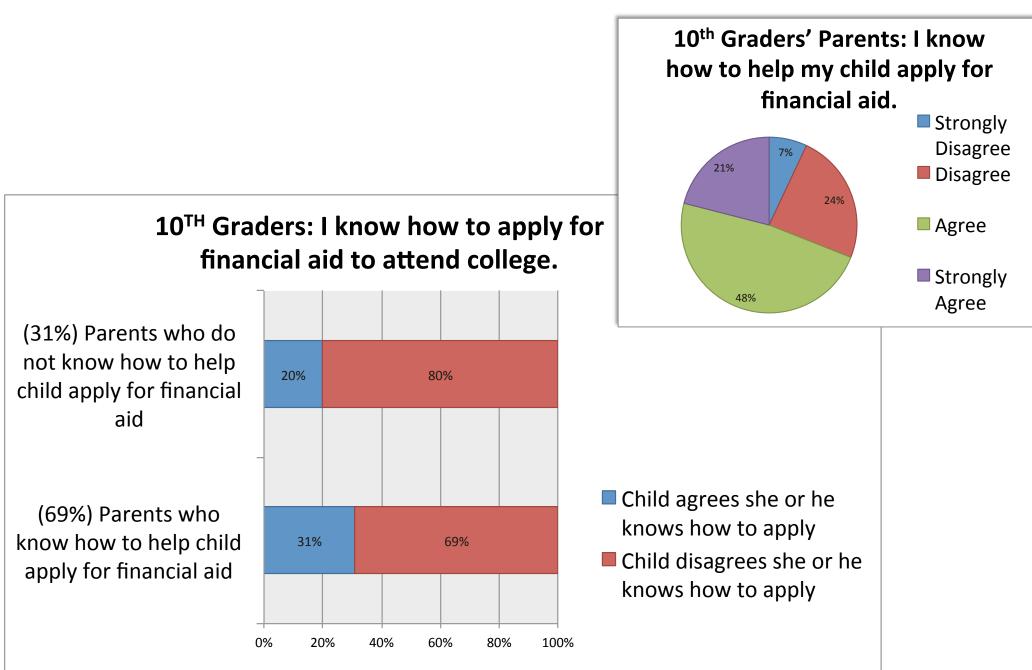


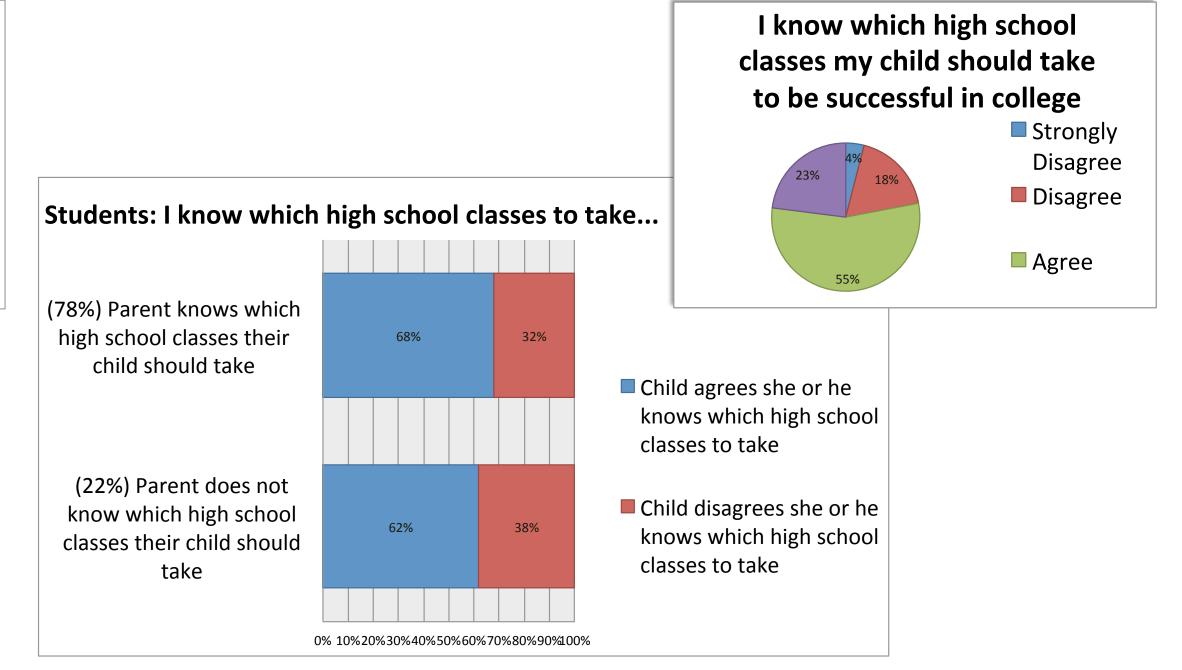
### PARENTAL INVOLVEMENT IN COLLEGE PREPARATION:

Parents of 7th and 10th graders were asked about college planning







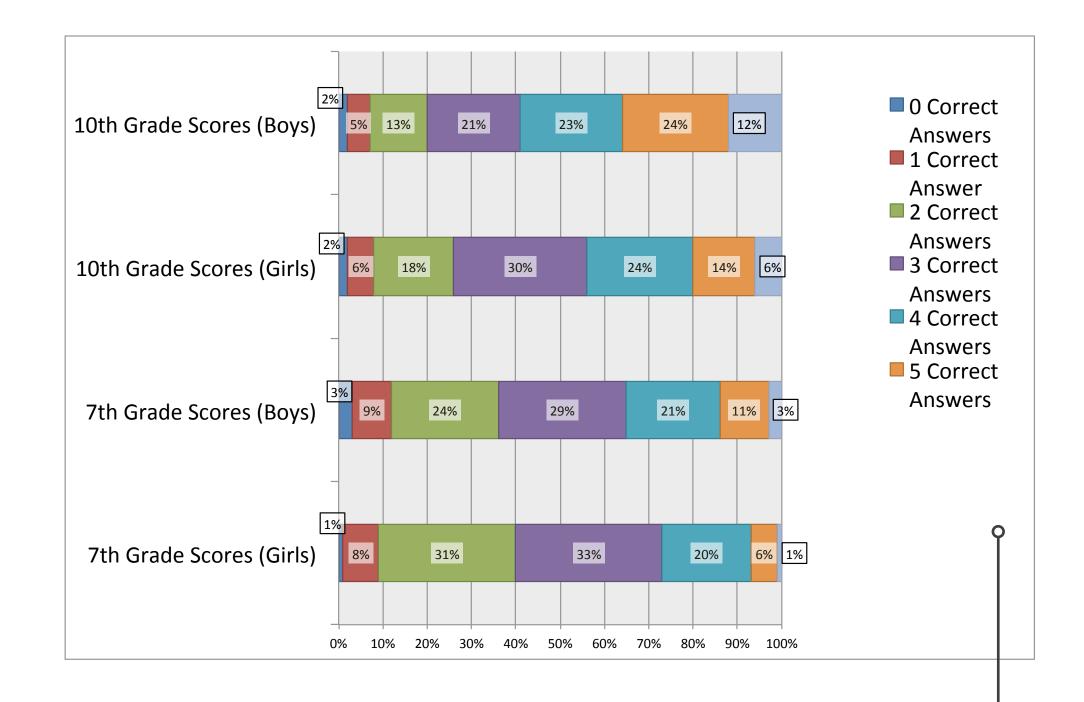


- \* Thirty-five percent of parents said they rarely or never discussed college admission exam preparation with their child.
- \*\* Seventy-eight percent of 7th and 10th graders' parents said they knew which high school classes their child should take to be successful in college.
- \* However, about **one**third of students are **unsure** which classes to take.
- There is some ambiguity among parents surrounding which classes will best prepare students in math and science.
- \* Scholarships, student loans, and student's income in college were referred to most frequently as planned ways to pay for college.
- Almost 70% of 10th-graders' parents said they know how to help their child apply for financial aid to attend college. However, 69 % of the children of these parents in the know, **said they do** not know how to apply.

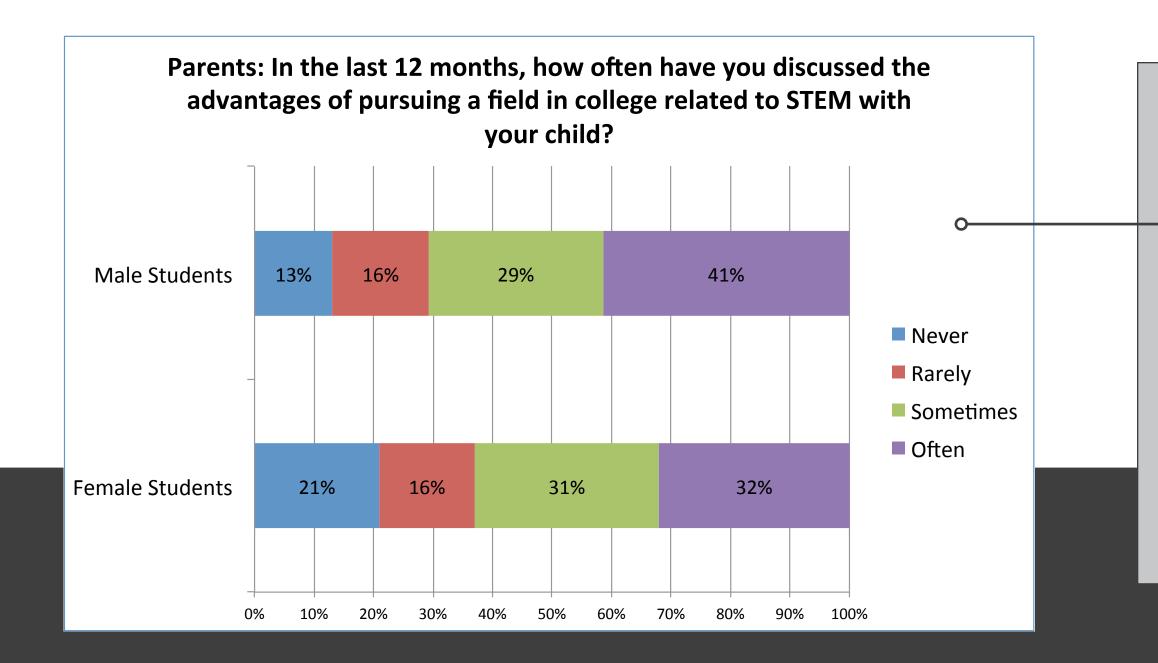
## University of Idaho



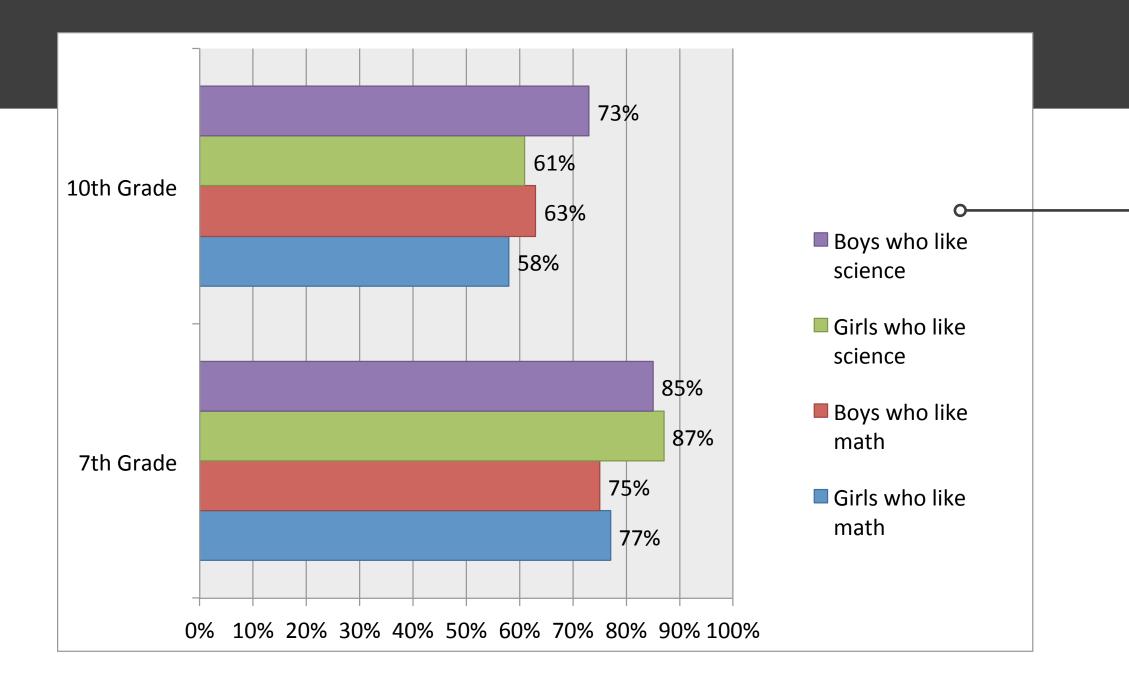
# THE STEM GENDER GAP IN IDAHO



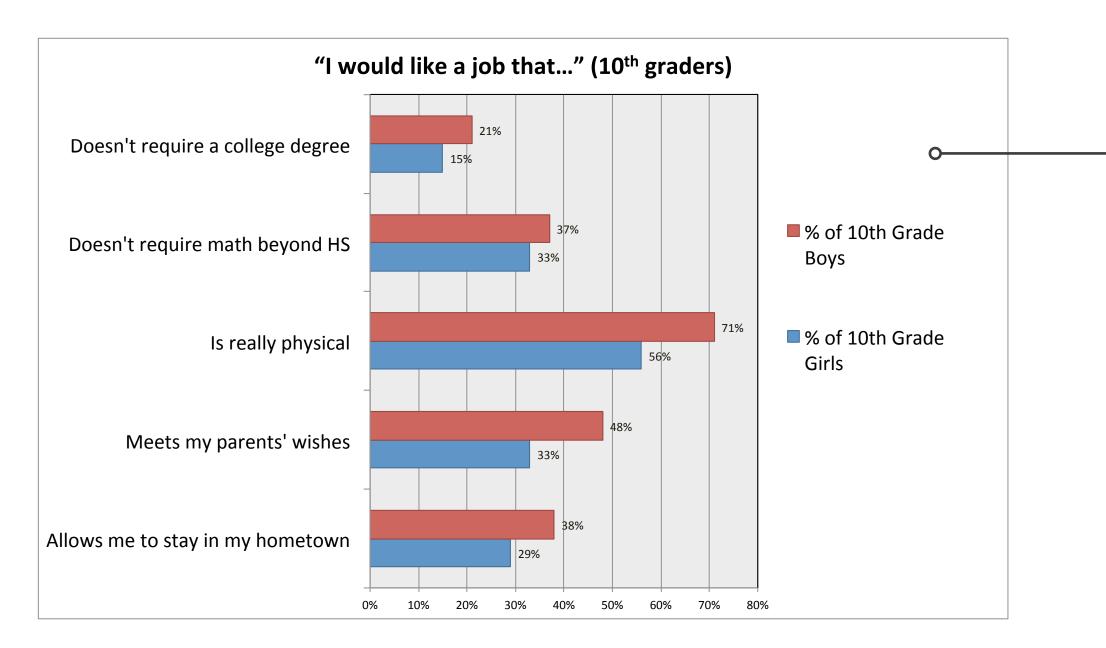
Tenth graders earned higher scores on the scientific fact index than seventh graders, in general. **Twice as many tenth grade boys than girls correctly answered all six index questions.** Only 20% of tenth grade girls correctly answered 5 or 6 questions on the index compared to 36% of tenth grade boys.



Analyses indicate that parents were more
likely to have discussed STEM fields
with sons than with daughters. In addition,
parents were more likely to discuss STEM
fields with 10th graders as compared to 7th
graders. Thus, the gender gap that persists
in STEM fields, may have some beginning in
these early conversations with parents.



While positive attitudes toward math and science declined for both boys and girls between seventh and tenth grades, girls' attitudes diminished at a far more substantial rate than for boys.



Boys said they like math more often than girls did, but boys were less interested in jobs requiring math beyond high school level. Over a fifth of boys would like a job that doesn't require a college degree.

Tenth grade boys were more likely than girls to indicate they would like a job that meets their parents' wishes and allows them to stay in their hometowns.

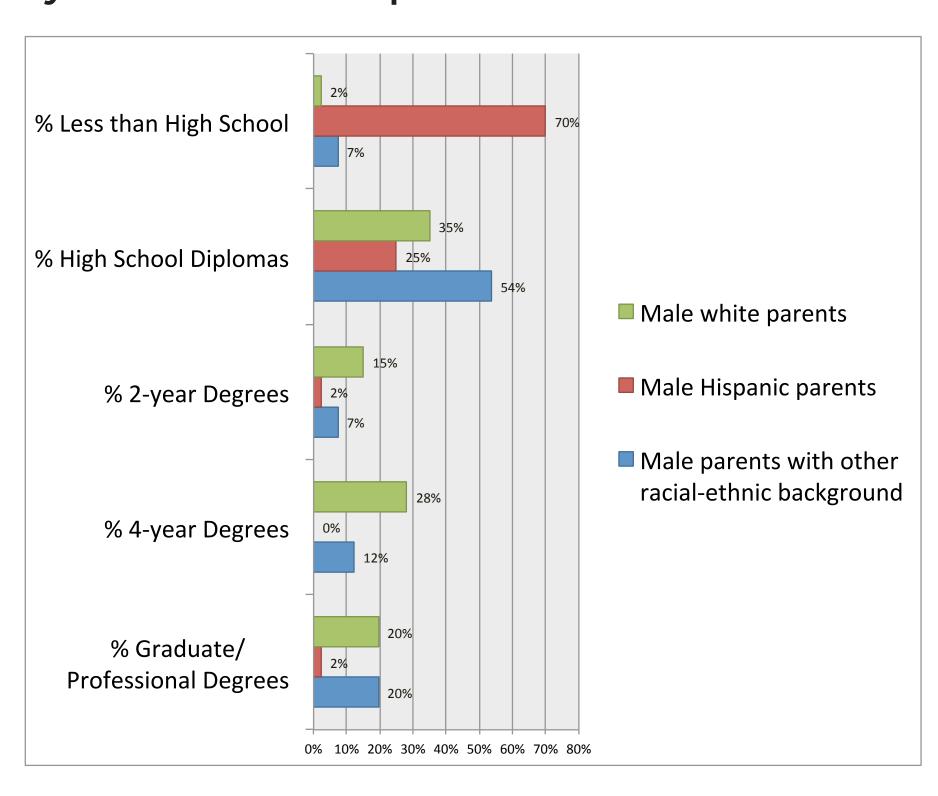




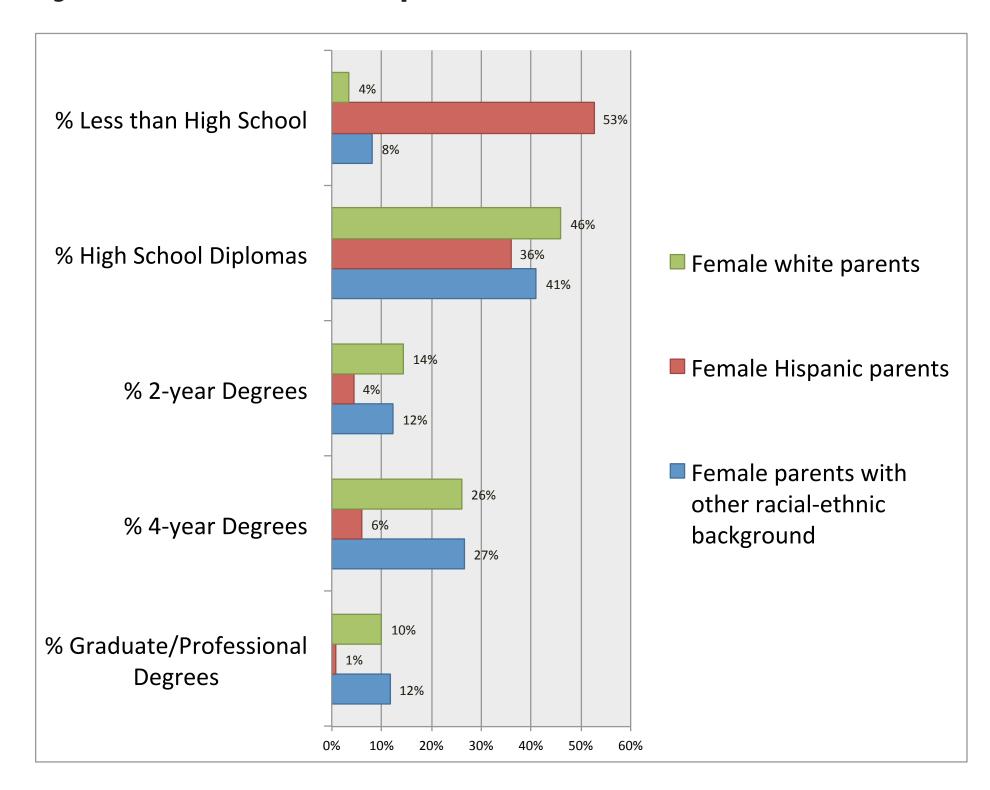
## THE ADDED CHALLENGES WITH HISPANIC STUDENTS

For both male and female parents, the level of educational attainment among Hispanic parents was significantly lower than the other two racial-ethnic groups considered in this report. This can impact parental influence and student career and educational choices.

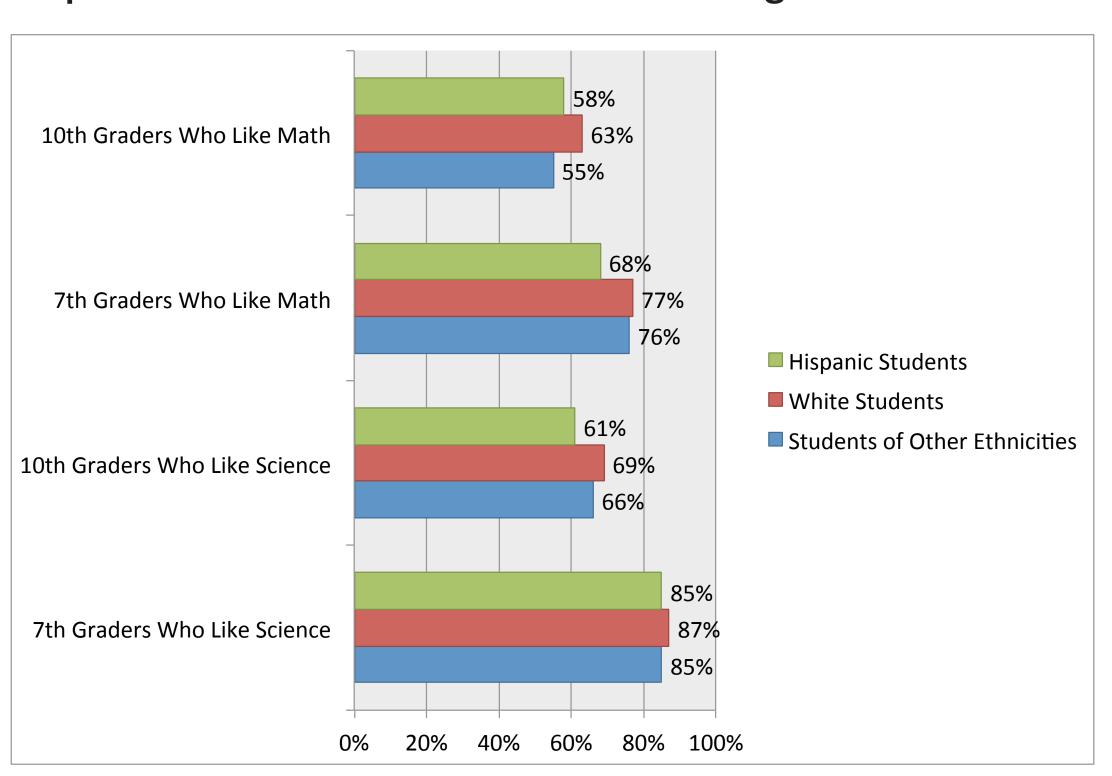
### Male Parents' Educational Attainment by Racial-Ethnic Group



### Female Parents' Educational Attainment by Racial-Ethnic Group



White students reported liking math and science more than Hispanic students in both seventh and tenth grades.



The most important considerations are: high school grades, scores on college entrance exams, availability of financial aid, and the cost of college. Where differences exist, Hispanic students and parents are more likely to say these factors are "very important" to their college-going decision.

Factors considered "Very Important" in the decision to attend college	Idaho 10th Graders			Parents of Idaho 10th Graders		
	All	Hispanic	Non-Hispanic	All	Hispanic	Non-Hispanic
High School grades	79	75	80	77	81	76
Scores on college admission exams	78	73	79	57	74	55
Availability of financial aid	54	62	52	-	-	_
Cost of college	51	67	48	49	63	47
Parents' ability to pay for college	31	44	29	-	-	_
College is close to home	14	23	12	11	34	9

## University of Idaho MICTON®



# THE STEM CAREER DISCONNECT

Students' positive perceptions of scientists declines as they progress in school.

	Strongly Agree	Agree	Disagree	Strongly Disagree	TOTAL
Scientist are smart.					
4 <sup>th</sup> Graders	75%	23%	1%	1%	100%
7 <sup>th</sup> Graders	54%	44%	2%	0%	100%
10 <sup>th</sup> Graders	43%	53%	3%	1%	100%
Scientific work is dangerous.					
4 <sup>th</sup> Graders	27%	50%	16%	7%	100%
7 <sup>th</sup> Graders	17%	57%	25%	1%	100%
10 <sup>th</sup> Graders	9%	57%	32%	2%	100%
Scientific work is exciting.					
4 <sup>th</sup> Graders	56%	35%	7%	2%	100%
7 <sup>th</sup> Graders	35%	51%	12%	2%	100%
10 <sup>th</sup> Graders	18%	55%	22%	5%	100%
Scientist are as cool as other people.					
4 <sup>th</sup> Graders	31%	40%	20%	9%	100%
7 <sup>th</sup> Graders	20%	58%	18%	4%	100%
10 <sup>th</sup> Graders	13%	63%	19%	5%	100%
I would like to be a scientist.					
4 <sup>th</sup> Graders	9%	18%	30%	30%	100%
7 <sup>th</sup> Graders	9%	19%	47%	25%	100%
10 <sup>th</sup> Graders	7%	15%	47%	31%	100%

aeronautical FBI agent agriculture analyst anesthesiologist animal science animator anthropology architecture art artist arts astronomer athlete athletic trainer beautician biologist business chef chemical engineer

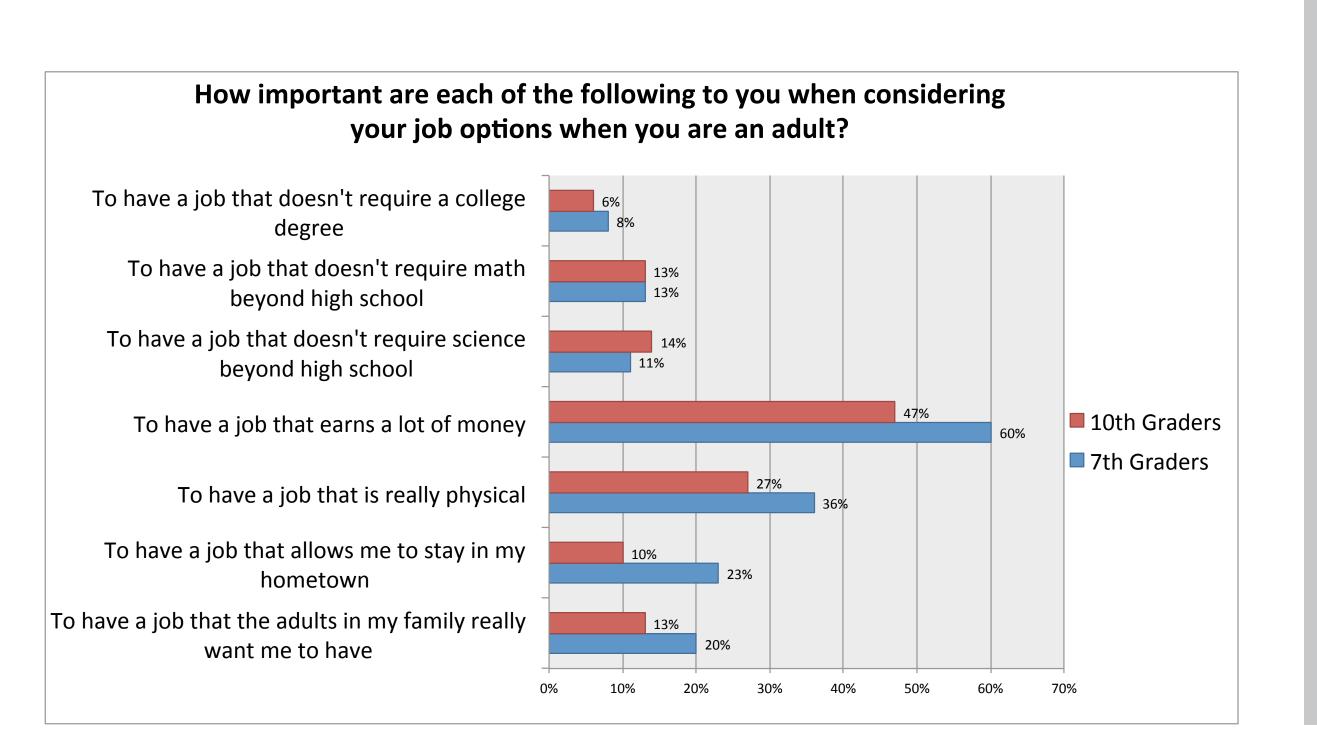
chiropractor coaching computer programmer symphony conductor cosmetologist counselor dental hygienist dermatologist interior designer diesel doctor electrical engineer electronics law enforcement engineer

entertainment animal trainer family fashion firefighter fish and wildlife forest ranger gamer programmer geologist graphic designer gynecologist hair dresser helicopter pilot inventor

journalist kindergarten teacher lawyer leader manager marketing math

mechanic mechanical engineering medicine midwife military mother musician nurse oncologist ophthalmology orthopedics ultrasound technician pediatrician pharmacist physical therapist veterinarian welding writer zoologist

More than half of 7th and 10th graders said they didn't want jobs that use a lot of science and math and YET... their responses to what type of career they would like



to have when an adult **are** related to STEM fields. This incongruence suggests students do not know what type of education or skill such jobs require. In this word cloud, the larger the font, the more likely the item was listed as an ideal career choice by students.