Hispanic Population

- Power County had 2,622 Hispanic residents in 2016.
- In 2016, Hispanic residents made up 34.3% of the population, compared to 12.3% in Idaho and 17.8% in the US.

Power County’s median age in 2016 was 33.4 compared to 36.2 in Idaho and 37.9 in the US.

Sources:
Please see the Indicators Idaho website (indicatorsidaho.org) for data sources and additional information about your county.

Contact:
University of Idaho Extension, Power County
208-226-7621
power@uidaho.edu

Housing

- The median value of owner-occupied housing (adjusted for inflation) was $127,765 between 2012 and 2016, compared to $171,477 in Idaho and $188,635 in the US.
- The median value was the 38th highest out of Idaho's 44 counties between 2012 and 2016.
- The number of housing units increased by 3.4% from 2000 to 2016, compared to an increase of 30.0% in Idaho.

Income

- The county's per capita income in 2016 (adjusted for inflation) was $37,135, compared to the state average of $40,311 and the national average of $50,295.
- Per capita income increased by 21.6% from 2006 to 2016, compared to an increase of 5.7% in Idaho and an increase of 8.4% in the US.
- The median household income (adjusted for inflation) was $46,912 in 2016 compared to $52,747 in Idaho and $58,844 in the US.

Age Structure

- 31.7% of Power County’s population was under 18 in 2016, in contrast to 26.0% in Idaho and 22.8% in the US.
- In 2016, 54.1% of the population was 18 to 64 years old, compared to 58.9% in Idaho and 62.0% in the US.
- Power County’s median age in 2016 was 33.4 compared to 36.2 in Idaho and 37.9 in the US.

Note: The Consumer Price Index (CPI) is a measure of inflation. Using the CPI to put dollar values in “real” terms makes it easier to see “inflation-free” change over time. Our base year is 2017, which means all dollar values are in terms of 2017 dollars. For more information, see https://www.bls.gov/cpi/home.htm
**Population Change**

- Power County had 7,654 residents in 2016, 163 less than 2010.
- Population decreased by 2.1 percent between 2010 and 2016, compared to an increase of 7.4 percent in Idaho as a whole.

- Power County was the 35th fastest growing county out of Idaho’s 44 counties between 2010 and 2016.
- Since 1970, Power County has gained 2,790 residents.
- Power County had a migration rate below & natural change rate that was above the state average between 2010 and 2016.

**Employment**

- The average annual unemployment rate in 2016 was 4.2%, compared to 3.8% for Idaho and 4.9% for the US. Power County ranked 22nd—from highest to lowest—out of Idaho’s 44 counties.
- The largest number of jobs in 2016 were provided by manufacturing, farming, and government.
- The number of jobs was 4,451 in 2016, compared to 3,948 in 1969—a 13% increase.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th></th>
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<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total Employment</td>
<td>4,403</td>
<td>4,495</td>
<td>4,451</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Farm</td>
<td>16.6%</td>
<td>19.4%</td>
<td>20.5%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Construction</td>
<td>3.7%</td>
<td>3.3%</td>
<td>2.0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Manufacturing</td>
<td>24.6%</td>
<td>24.9%</td>
<td>22.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Retail trade</td>
<td>6.9%</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Professional and technical services</td>
<td>1.4%</td>
<td>1.4%</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Educational services</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Health care and social assistance</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Accommodation and food services</td>
<td>2.3%</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Government</td>
<td>16.5%</td>
<td>14.9%</td>
<td>14.6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Other</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
<td>NA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

- In 2016, the self-employment rate was 21.1%, compared to 25.6% for Idaho and 22.6% for the US.
- The average wage per job in 2016 (adjusted for inflation) was $41,096, up from $38,772 a decade earlier. The average was $40,476 in Idaho and $54,753 in the US.

**Social Trends**

**Educational Attainment**

- In Power County on average between 2012-2016...
  - 20.8% of the population 25 years and older had no high school diploma, compared to 10.0% in Idaho and 13.0% in the US.
  - 15.3% had a bachelor’s degree or higher, compared to 26.2% in Idaho and 30.3% in the US.

**Poverty**

- Power County’s overall poverty rate decreased from 16.1% in 2007 when the recession began to 15.7% in 2016.
- Statewide, the overall poverty rate in 2016 was 13.8% and the US rate was 14.0%.
- Power County’s child poverty rate (for people under 18) increased from 22.4% in 2007 when the recession began to 23.3% in 2016.
- On average between 2012 and 2016, the poverty rate for people 65 and over was 2.3 percent.

**Power County Youth**

- The teen birth rate in 2015 was 6 per 1,000, compared to 9 per 1,000 in Idaho and 10 per 1,000 in the US.
- On average between 2012 and 2016, teens who were not working, looking for work, and not in school made up 17.9% of all youth aged 16-19, compared to 7.6% in Idaho and 7.3% in the US.

**Crime and Law Enforcement**

- In Power County in 2015...
  - The total number of crimes reported was 121 per 10,000 population, compared to 196 in Idaho and 287 in the US.
  - The number of sworn police officers per 1,000 population was 2.1, compared to 1.7 in Idaho and 2.0 in the US.