Here Are Some Fun Facts About Living and Gardening In Our Area...

- Why do they call this area the Treasure Valley?
 - Historically, the valley had been known as the Lower Snake River Valley or the Boise River Valley. In 1959, Pete Olesen of Caldwell, who owned a seed company and served as president of the board of a coalition of chambers of commerce, coined the name "Treasure Valley." He chose this name to reflect the treasure chest of resources and opportunities that the region offered.
- The Treasure Valley stretches from Mountain Home through Ontario, Oregon with altitude ranging from 2800' in the Upper valley to 2300' in the Lower valley.
- Our average rainfall is approximately 11 inches per season from October through May.
- June September are normally hot and dry months with temperatures ranging from the high 80's to well above 100.
- We are located in a high-arid, desert region.
- We have a very low humidity level in summer. Near single digits.
- The Treasure Valley has over 500 miles of irrigation canals.
- Pressurized irrigation is common throughout the area, which normally runs from mid-April through early-October.
- Local irrigation districts normally have the irrigation water turned on around April 15th.
- Lawns usually need about 1" of water per week during the spring and fall, and up to 2" during the hot summer months.
- The soil in our region has a high PH level, normally running in the range of 8-12.
 This is due to Alkaline that is found in the soil around our valley.
 - Avoid planting low-level PH (acid loving) blueberries and rhododendron, unless you're planning to heavily amend your soil, or use containers.
 - Some soil requires mineral amendments like manganese and sulfur to avoid Chlorosis, or yellowing leaves on shrubs and trees.

Quick Reference Guides:

Idaho Preferred

Farmers Markets

Basic Lawncare





Idaho Landscapes

and Gardens







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Welcome to What Locals Call

The Treasure Valley "Southwest Idaho"

Brought to you by the University of Idaho Extension, Canyon County Master Gardeners



Helpful Hints For a Wonderful Lawn and Garden

Items to get started in the winter.

Mid-December through Mid-January:

- Gather ideas from seed catalogs.
- Start planning your spring and summer garden.

Late January through Mid-February

Start your cool season seedlings inside your home or a greenhouse.

Mid-February through Mid-March

- · Prepare your garden beds with mature compost.
- Get ready to plant you cool season veggies around St. Patrick's Day.

Items to get started in the spring.

Mid-March through Mid-April:

- Local Farmers Markets will be starting in early April.
- Start seedlings for flowers and summer veggies.
- Aerate your lawn and spread new grass seed in problem areas.
- Check your lawnmower. Have it tuned-up and the blades sharpened.
- Check your gardening hand tools for cleanliness and sharpness.

Mid-April through Mid-May:

- Apply the first fertilizer application to your lawn.
- Make sure your irrigation system pressure is running well.
- Check your sprinkler system to make sure that all of the stations are working properly. Change any damaged sprinkler heads.
- Now is a good time to pick up some locally grown plants from gardening experts.

Here are some options...

- The University of Idaho Extension Canyon County in Caldwell has a plant sale the last Saturday in April.
- ♦ Canyon Springs Church in Middleton has a plant sale the Saturday before Mother's Day.
- ♦ St. Paul's Church in Nampa has a community plant sale the first Saturday in May.
- The Idaho Botanical Garden in Boise has a native plant sale the first Saturday in May.
- ♦ The University of Idaho Extension Ada County in Garden City has a plant sale the first Saturday in May.

Items to get started in summer.

Late June though Mid-July:

- Apply the second fertilizer application to your lawn.
- Check your lawnmower oil. Replace if necessary.
- Prepare your fall garden beds for planting. Add more compost.

Items to get started in fall.

Early September through Early October:

• Apply the third fertilizer application to your lawn.

Mid-October through Mid-November:

- Mow over the dead leaves in your yard and add to your compost.
- Winterize your lawn mower by cleaning it and draining fluids.
- Clean your gardening hand tools and sharpen if necessary.
- Consider adding a fall/winter fertilizer application to your lawn.