GUIDELINES FOR EXTERNAL PEER REVIEW
Office of the Provost and Executive Vice President

These guidelines are provided as clarification of Faculty Staff Handbook policy sections 3520 G.5.b. and 3560 E.3. Please refer to those policy sections for full detail. **NOTE: the University faculty voted to amend policy pertaining to External Peer Review practice effective July 2014.** The change makes external peer review mandatory for tenure track faculty only. It is at the discretion of the department and college, through their by-laws or discussion between the unit head and faculty member, to determine abstention or not of external peer review for non-tenure track faculty. If by-laws require or a determination is made to include external peer review for non-tenure track faculty, then the University’s external peer review policies and guidelines apply and the reviews are included in the promotion packet.

Processes for awarding tenure and promotion in academic rank require rigorous, fair, and objective evaluation of each candidate’s record of productivity. Peer reviews are useful in evaluating the productivity of a candidate and his/her regional, national, and/or international reputation as judged by peers from outside of the University. External reviewers’ comments regarding the quantity and quality of the candidate’s work provide important evidence to inform departmental, college, and university judgments of qualifications for tenure and promotion.

Reviewers should be asked to provide judgments regarding the body of scholarship produced by a candidate. In a few instances, where this may be deemed practicable and meaningful, reviewers may also be asked to examine material pertaining to the candidate’s teaching or other professional activity. If reviewers are to be asked to judge areas outside the candidate’s scholarly activity, the concurrence of the dean should be secured beforehand.

**Three to five external peer review letters** are required to be included in the faculty dossiers for tenure and promotion consideration of tenure track or tenured faculty. When a peer review is conducted for non-tenure track faculty, the University’s policy and these guidelines must be used, and the letters must be included in the promotion packet.

**SELECTION OF REVIEWERS:**
College and departmental by-laws should provide a process for generating a list of objective, knowledgeable reviewers. The full set of appropriate reviewers (a list suggested by the candidate and additional names suggested by the department chair) is derived with input from the faculty member, other faculty in the discipline, the department chair, and the dean.

Suggested reviewers should be leaders in the candidate’s field. They should be selected on the basis of their familiarity with the discipline of the candidate, including standards for professional and scholarly activity in the discipline, and must include those who are, or have been, higher education faculty or administrators of peer institutions. Persons asked to write peer reviews should be at, or above, the rank the candidate is seeking.

It may be appropriate to use reviewers who have moved to positions in national professional associations, in government or in industry. Thus letters should be from tenured professors or individuals of equivalent stature outside academe who are widely recognized in the field, and who are chosen because of their ability to objectively evaluate the candidate’s work.
Because outside evaluations are to be independent, objective, and disinterested, selected reviewers should not have a special relationship with the candidate or conflict of interest (e.g. a research collaborator, major professor, supervisor, former departmental colleague).

The selection of external reviewers from the full set of names should take place at the departmental level, in accordance with college by-laws. College by-laws may require the dean to approve the list of reviewers before letters of request are sent to the reviewers. At least two of the reviewers initially asked to submit a peer review will have been suggested by the candidate, from the candidate’s list.

- **All reviews received (minimum of 3)** must be included in the candidate’s dossier. External review letters must be available before the formal review process is started.

- It is recommended that departments initially ask at least 2-3 peer reviewers from the candidate’s list (for policy compliance) and 2-3 others from the full set in order to ensure the best rate of response. The University cannot force a response from external reviewers therefore it is advisable that departments prepare the full set in a tiered fashion so that if the minimum of three responses are not received, a request may be made of the next person or tier within the full set.

- The dossier will also include a paragraph summarizing the qualifications of each external reviewer and disclose any relationship or conflict of interest. There should not be a relationship or conflict of interest. If such is discovered and there are not greater than three reviews an additional peer review should be requested.

**LETTER OF REQUEST TO REVIEWER:**
The letter will request the reviewer to comment on the contributions to the candidate’s field through his or her scholarly and other professional activity. The letter to the reviewers may be over the signature of the dean and/or the department chair. Each reviewer should be asked to respond to the following:

(a) The nature of his or her acquaintance with the candidate;

(b) A review and critique of the candidate’s scholarly activity (and other areas of professional activity on the basis of standards in the discipline and the candidate’s record.

The dean/chair may also request:

(c) On the basis of the scholarly record, an assessment of the candidate’s recognition and standing among his or her peers; whether his/her scholarship has had an impact on the discipline; whether his/her scholarship has earned the candidate a national/international reputation; and whether his/her work collectively is likely to yield further significant advances in knowledge.

(d) A judgment as to whether the candidate, in the quality and quantity of the scholarship produced, would be competitive for promotion/tenure at the reviewer’s institution and why.

**SUPPORT MATERIALS:**
The support materials to be supplied to reviewers will include the relevant context statements and department/college criteria (see below), candidate’s vita, position descriptions for the
relevant period, the professional portfolio, and up to four examples of the candidate’s scholarly work. These materials are selected by the chair after consultation with the candidate – i.e. the candidate may review the materials supplied to reviewers and suggest additions or deletions to the chair. College/department context statements and criteria for promotion and tenure are included as appropriate.

DEPARTMENT AND COLLEGE CRITERIA AND CONTEXT STATEMENTS:
The scholarly activity to be reviewed as part of the tenure and promotion processes must be evaluated relative to approved departmental and college by-laws. These criteria are provided to both external and internal reviewers to establish a common basis for judgment of performance. In addition, a department and college context statement is provided describing the faculty member’s academic unit and his/her responsibilities. These statements are expected to provide a framework that will, for example, help clarify the candidate’s job responsibilities, such as the relative portions of the position dedicated to scholarly activity and teaching vis-à-vis others in the department and college.

CONFIDENTIALITY OF EXTERNAL PEER REVIEWS:
External peer reviews are confidential. Members of departmental, college, or university committees may not disclose the contents of external peer reviews to the candidate or to others not involved in the review process. The external peer review letters may only be shared with the candidate after all deliberations within the university have been completed and after every effort has been made to ensure the reviewer’s anonymity.

The following or similar statement should be included in each letter requesting outside evaluation of a candidate.

Your letter will be provided to departmental, college and university review committees and appropriate administrators; it will be held in confidence from the faculty member being reviewed during the review process. When all deliberations by the University have been completed, the essential content of peer review letters may be shared with the tenure and promotion candidate after every effort has been made to ensure the anonymity of the authors.