## CCB-CC7-21 2021 Costs and Returns Estimate

Cow-Calf Budget: 500-head<br>Southwestern Idaho - Bruneau/Three Creek Area, Owyhee County<br>Summer on Federal, State \& Private Range Winter on Federal Range



By Sidnee Rose Hill and Kord Killpack

## Background and Assumptions

University of Idaho costs and returns estimates use economic costs-all resources are valued based on market price or opportunity cost. This budget presents typical costs and returns per cow for a 500-head cow-calf operation in the Bruneau/Three Creek area of Owyhee County in southwestern Idaho plus total costs and returns for the ranch. The forage source is federal, state, and private range.

## Livestock Investment

The livestock investment consists of 500 cows, 25 bulls, and 10 horses. The culling rate is 15 percent, and the cow herd has a 1 percent death loss. The ranch buys two-year-old bulls and replaces them every $4-5$ years. The weaned calf crop is 87 percent of the number of cows wintered. Of the 88 weaned heifer calves selected from the calf crop as replacements, 10 are culled because of non-breeding or poor quality, leaving an annual net replacement of 80 head.

## Machinery and Equipment

The cow-calf enterprise uses two 3/4-ton pickups (4x4), a 2-ton truck, a backhoe, a 160 HP tractor, a feed wagon, stock trailer, a UTV and an ATV (see Table 4). This equipment complement is minimal but considered adequate. Values on these investments are calculated at 50 percent of new replacement cost to reflect typically aged but functional ranch equipment.
Haying equipment is not included in this budget as hay production is treated as a separate enterprise. Hay and other feeds used as inputs in this cow-calf budget are valued at the market price received by growers FOB the farm.

## Buildings and Improvements

The ranch has 25 miles of 4-wire fence, one barn, one set of corrals with working alleys, a set of portable panels, a squeeze chute, a calf table, and an assortment of veterinary equipment. Water is supplied from natural sources. Buildings and improvements are valued at 80 percent of new replacement cost.

## Management Practices

The cows calve between February 15 and April 15, but some will calve later in the year. The cows graze federal range on winter permits December through February. Replacement heifers are fed alfalfa hay during the winter months.

Cattle are moved from the ranch to federal or state range around March 15 and graze a combination of federal and state rangeland until August 31 ( $67 \%$ federal and $33 \%$ state). A grazing association fee is charged for range improvements, salt, and range rider labor. On September 1 cattle are moved to private range for grazing through the end of October. After cattle have been gathered and worked, they are moved to crop aftermath until grazing begins around December 15. The total freight/trucking distance for grazing is estimated at 80 miles with a calculated cost of $\$ 0.125$ per cow/per loaded mile.

The top 88 heifer calves are kept as replacements, while the remaining 130 heifers and 218 steer calves are sold in November. Calves are weaned and loaded on trucks the same day. All steer and heifer calves are sold direct.

The costs of selling cattle include checkoff/brand inspection, freight/trucking, and sales commissions. The total freight/trucking distance to market is estimated at 80 miles with the calculated cost being $\$ 0.125$ per cow/per loaded mile. Checkoff/brand inspection costs pertain to all cattle sold in the enterprise including cull animals. Sales commission and freight costs pertain to cull animals only since they are sold through the sale yard in July and December.

## Veterinary Care

Veterinary care for calves includes viral treatments and 8-way vaccinations (given twice during the year), implants and selenium supplements. Heifer calves are also vaccinated for brucellosis. Cows, bulls, and replacement heifers receive vaccinations for viral infections, including BVD and bacterial infections such as vibriosis and leptospirosis. The herd is treated annually for parasites and the cows are pregnancy checked in the fall. Bulls also receive a breeding soundness evaluation, fertility and trichomoniasis test in late winter/early spring.

## Labor Costs

Labor provided by the operator is valued at $\$ 31.12$ per hour, based on average wages for agricultural supervisors. Regular livestock labor is valued at $\$ 18.19$ per hour. These hourly rates include all applicable payroll taxes and benefits.

## Budget Format

In addition to the Background and Assumptions pages, this publication has four tables presenting a variety of costs and returns information.

Table 1 shows both expected revenue and expenses. Expenses are broken into two main categories: operating and ownership. Operating expenses are those that typically vary with the level of production and involve inputs that are used in a single production cycle. Ownership expenses include a systematic cost recovery over the useful life for inputs used in the production process that have a useful life of more than one year.

Table 2 is a monthly summary of the cash flow of revenues and expenses based on when the operation occurs and when inputs are purchased.

Table 3 is a monthly summary of feed requirements for the different classes of livestock. Daily feed quantities per animal are summarized below.

Table 4 lists the purchase price and salvage value of equipment used in this operation, as well as annual capital recovery and interest on retained livestock.

## Universityof Idaho <br> Extension

Table 1: Cow-Calf Budget - Bruneau/Three Creek Area - Owyhee County, 500 Cow - 2021
Summer on Federal \& State Range, Winter on Federal \& Private Range
No. of Cows: 500

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
|  | Weight |  |  |  |  |
| Each |  |  |  |  |  |


| Table 2: Monthly Summary of Returns and Expenses. |  |  | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | CCB-CC7-21 |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Jan | Feb |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | Dec | Value |
| Production: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Steer Calves |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 191,132 |  | 191,132 |
| Heifer Calves |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 102,141 |  | 102,141 |
| Cull Cows |  |  |  |  |  |  | 18090 |  |  |  |  | 42210 | 60,300 |
| Cull Bulls |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7,920 |  |  |  |  |  | 7,920 |
| Cull Replacement Heifers |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 8,960 |  | 8,960 |
| Total Receipts | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 26,010 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 302,233 | 42,210 | 370,453 |
| Operating Inputs: |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Alfalfa Hay | 4,867 | 4,867 | 4,867 | 2,433 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,433 | 19,467 |
| Meadow Hay | 1,813 | 1,813 | 1,813 | 906 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 906 | 7,250 |
| Protein Supplement | 6,381 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6,381 | 6,381 | 19,142 |
| Federal Range |  |  | 7,592 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 7,592 |
| State Range |  |  | 3,162 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 3,162 |
| Private Range |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10,803 | 10,803 |  |  | 21,606 |
| Salt/Mineral | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 115 | 1,375 |
| Veterinary/Medicine |  |  | 3,522 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 10,567 |  | 14,090 |
| Freight/Trucking to Market |  | 88 |  |  |  |  |  | 528 |  |  | 264 |  | 880 |
| Freight/Trucking to \& from Pasture |  |  | 2,625 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,625 |  | 5,250 |
| Hired Labor | 437 | 873 | 1,746 | 1,746 | 873 | 437 | 437 | 437 | 437 | 437 | 437 | 437 | 8,731 |
| Owner Labor | 5,446 | 5,446 | 5,446 | 5,446 | 5,446 | 5,446 | 5,446 | 5,446 | 5,446 | 5,446 | 5,446 | 5,446 | 65,352 |
| Commission |  | 39 |  |  |  |  |  | 251 |  |  | 1,640 |  | 1,930 |
| Checkoff/Brand Inspection |  | 26 |  |  |  |  |  | 168 |  |  | 1,097 |  | 1,291 |
| Machinery (Fuel, Oil, Repair) | 607 | 607 | 607 | 607 | 607 | 607 | 607 | 607 | 607 | 607 | 607 | 607 | 7,287 |
| Vehicles (Fuel, Repair) | 1,217 | 1,217 | 1,217 | 1,217 | 1,217 | 1,217 | 1,217 | 1,217 | 1,217 | 1,217 | 1,217 | 1,217 | 14,609 |
| Equipment (Repair) | 186 | 186 | 186 | 186 | 186 | 186 | 186 | 186 | 186 | 186 | 186 | 186 | 2,234 |
| Buildings \& Improvements (Repair) | 284 | 284 | 284 | 284 | 284 | 284 | 284 | 284 | 284 | 284 | 284 | 284 | 3,404 |
| Interest on Operating Capital |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 2,558 | 2,558 |
| Total Costs | 21,352 | 15,560 | 33,183 | 12,941 | 8,728 | 8,292 | 8,292 | 9,238 | 19,095 | 19,095 | 30,866 | 20,570 | 207,210 |
| Net Returns | -21,352 | -15,560 | -33,183 | -12,941 | -8,728 | -8,292 | 17,718 | -9,238 | -19,095 | -19,095 | 271,367 | 21,640 | 163,242 |


| Feed | Units | Jan | Feb | Mar | Apr | May | Jun | Jul | Aug | Sep | Oct | Nov | Dec |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Alfalfa Hay |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Replacement Heifers | ton | 36 | 36 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 36 |
| Meadow Hay |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Bulls | ton | 9 | 8 | 9 |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Horses | ton | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 4 | 4 |
| Federal Range |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cows | AUM | 470 | 470 | 470 | 470 | 470 | 470 | 470 | 470 |  |  | 470 | 470 |
| Replacement Heifers | AUM |  |  | 76 | 76 | 76 | 76 | 76 | 76 | 76 | 76 | 76 |  |
| Bulls | AUM |  |  | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |  |  |
| State Range |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cows | AUM | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 | 30 |  |  |
| Replacement Heifers | AUM |  |  | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 |  |  |
| Bulls | AUM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 6 | 6 |  |  |
| Private Range |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cows | AUM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 500 | 500 |  |  |
| Bulls | AUM |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | 24 | 24 |  |  |
| Horses | AUM |  |  |  |  | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |  |  |
| Protein Supplement |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Cows \& Heifers | cwt | 96 | 96 | 96 | 93 |  |  |  |  |  |  | 96 | 96 |
| Salt/Mineral | cwt | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 | 10 |


| Daily Feed Requirements by Livestock Category <br> (Ib fed/head/day) |  |  |  |
| :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Alfalfa <br> or Grass <br> Hay (lb) | Protein <br> Supple <br> ment <br> (Ib) | No. of <br> Days |
| Replacement Heifers | 20 |  | 90 |
| Replacement Heifers |  | 3 | 60 |
| Cows | 25 |  | 30 |
| Cows | 30 | 3 | 60 |
| Bulls | 25 |  | 90 |
| Horses |  |  | 120 |


| Table 4: Investment Summ |  |  |  |  |  | CCB-CC7-21 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Total Value | Salvage/Cull Value | Livestock Share | Useful Life | Annual Taxes \& Insurance | Annual Capital Recovery |
| Buildings, Improvements and Equipment |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Fencing | 63,000 | 0 | 100 | 25 | 226.80 | \$4,473.00 |
| Corrals \& Pens | 26,750 | 10,700 | 100 | 30 | 96.30 | \$1,043.25 |
| Water System | 5,900 | 0 | 100 | 20 | $21.24{ }^{\prime \prime}$ | \$477.90 |
| Barn | 12,500 | 1,250 | 100 | 30 | 45.00 | \$731.25 |
| Feed Wagon | 800 | 0 | 100 | 10 | 2.88 | \$104.00 |
| Squeeze Chute | 1,800 | 180 | 100 | 10 | 6.48 | \$210.60 |
| Vet Equipment | 650 | 65 | 100 | 15 | 2.34 | \$56.75 |
| Stock Trailer | 11,550 | 1,155 | 100 | 20 | 41.58 | \$842.00 |
| Total | \$122,950 |  |  |  | \$442.62 | \$7,938.74 |
| Purchased Livestock |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Horses | 25,000 | 3,600 | 100 | 10 |  | \$2,782.00 |
| Bulls | 100,000 | 19,008 | 100 | 4 |  | \$22,839.74 |
| Total | \$125,000 |  |  |  |  | \$25,621.74 |
| Retained Livestock |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Beef Replacement Heifers | 96,000 | 70,560 | 100 |  |  | \$4,857.60 ${ }^{2}$ |
| Beef Cows | 650,000 | 241,200 | 100 |  |  | \$32,890.00 ${ }^{2}$ |
| Total | \$746,000 |  |  |  |  | \$37,747.60 |
| Machinery and Vehicles |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| Backhoe | 30,000 | 7,100 | 20 | 18 | 108.00 | \$1,969.40 |
| 150 hpTractor | 30,000 | 6,000 | 55 | 18 | 108.00 | \$2,064.00 |
| 2 Pickups 4X4 3/4 ton | 60,000 | 5,000 | 100 | 10 | 564.00 | \$7,150.00 |
| 2 Ton Truck | 40,000 | 10,000 | 50 | 10 | 376.00 | \$3,900.00 |
| Car | 10,000 | 2,500 | 25 | 8 | $94.00^{\prime \prime}$ | \$1,162.50 |
| UTV | 7,000 | 4,000 | 100 | 10 | 65.80 | \$390.00 |
| 1 ATVs | 4,000 | 1,000 | 100 | 10 | 37.60 | \$390.00 |
| Total | \$181,000 |  |  |  | \$1,250.00 | \$17,025.90 |
| ${ }^{1}$ Annual capital recovery is the method of calculating depreciation and interest recommended by the National Task Force on Commodity Costs and Returns Measurement Methods. <br> ${ }^{2}$ Interest on average investment. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

This updated budget is based on previous budgets created by Ben Eborn, Scott Jensen, and Neil Rimbey.
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